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L. V. BLUM,

EDITOR AND PROPRIETOR.

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### INDIAN SUMMER.

Just after the death of the flowers,
And before they are buried in snow,
There comes a festive season,
When nature is all aglow—
Aglow with a mystical splendor,
That rivals the brightness of spring—
Aglow with a beauty more tender
Than aught which fair summer could bring

Some spirit akin to the rainbow
Then borrows its magical dies,
And mantles the far spreading landscape
In hues that bewilder the eyes.
The sun, from his cloud-pillowed chamber,
Smiles soft on a vision so gay,
And dreams that his favorite children,
The flowers, have not yet passed away.

There's a luminous mist on the mountains,
A light azure haze in the air,
As if angels, whilst heavenward soaring,
Had left their bright robes floating there.
The breeze is so soft, so caressing,
It seems a mute token of love
And floats to the heart like a blessing
From some happy spirit above.

These days, so serene and so charming,
Awaken a dreamy delight—
A tremulous tearful enjoyment,
Like soft strains of music at night;
We know they are fading and fleeing,
That quickly, too quickly they'll end,
And we watch them with yearning affection,
As at parting we watch a dear friend.

Oh! beautiful Indian Summer!
Thou favorite child of the year—
Thou darling, whom nature enriches
With gifts and adornments so dear!
How fain would we woo thee to linger
On mountain and meadow awhile.
For our hearts, like the sweet haunts of nature
Rejoice and grow young in thy smile.

Not alone to the sad fields of autumn
Dost thou a lost brightness restore.
But thou bringest a world-weary spirit
Sweet dreams of its childhood once more.
Thy loveliness fills us with memories.
Of all that was brightest and best;
Thy peace and serenity offer
A foretaste of heavenly rest.

A TOUCHING INCIDENT.—A young man and his wife were preparing to attend a Christmas party at the house of a friend some miles distant. "Henry my dear husband, don't drink too much at the party to day; you will promise me, won't you?" said she putting her hand upon his brow, and raising her eyes to his face with a pleading smile. "No, Millie, I will not; you may trust me," and she wrapped her infant in a soft blanket, and they descended. The horses were soon prancing over the turf and a pleasant conversation beguiled the way. "Now don't forget your promise," whispered the young wife, as they passed up the steps. Poor thing she was wedded to a man who loved to look upon the wine when it was red. The party passed pleasantly; the time for departure drew near; the wife descended from the upper chamber to join her husband. A pang shot through her beating heart as she met him, for he was intoxicated; he had broken his promise. Silently they rode homeward, save when the drunken man broke into snatches of a song, or unmeaning laughter—But the wife rode on, her babe pressed close to her grieved heart. "Give me the baby Millie, I can't trust you with him," he said, as they approached a dark and swollen stream. After some hesitation she resigned her first born—her darling babe, closely wrapped in a great blanket—to his arms. Over the dark waters the noble steed safely bore them; and when they reached the bank, the mother asked for her child. With much care and tenderness he placed the babe in her arms; but when she clasped it to heart it was not there; it had slipped from the blanket, and the drunken father knew it not. A wild shriek from the mother aroused him, and he turned round just in time to see the rosy face rise one moment above the dark waters, then sink forever, and that by his own intemperance! The anguish of the mother and remorse of the father are better imagined than described.

*Glasgow News*

A PLEASANT COUNTY TO LIVE IN.—The Memphis *Avalanche*, of the 1st. instant, concludes an article as follows: "We will now close this article by stating that not in the wide world is there as much shooting, stabbing, and killing, as in Shelby county, when we take into consideration the intelligence of the community. Night after night affrays occur; men are shot within a few yards of our office; bullets are fired into windows—and it is d—n you click! bang! I'm shot—nightly, from one end of the city to the other. One of the most astonishing features in this revelry of blood is the nonchalance of the participants. They 'go for one another' like men at a rowing match. While wrestling, two persons become engaged in a difficulty under our window some night ago. One made at his antagonist with a knife, who replied with a shot and exclaimed, 'I've killed him!' 'You are a liar!' says the individual hit, 'while he had a hole in him you could put your thumb in. The city is mad; crime is epedemic and the poisonous elements consist in the evil practice of carrying weapons."

## THE BEWITCHED CLOCK.

BY THE OLD 'UN.

About half past eleven o'clock on Sunday night, a human leg, enveloped in beautiful broadcloth, "might have been seen" entering Deacon Cephas Barberry's kitchen window. The leg was followed, finally, by the entire person of a live yankee, attired in his Sunday-go-to-meetin' clothes. It was in short, Joe Mayweed, who thus burglariously, in the dead of night, won his way into the deacon's kitchen.

"Wonder how much the old deacon makes by orderin' me not to darken his doors a——," soliloquised the young gentleman. "Promised him I wouldn't, but did'nt say nothin' about winders. Winders is jest as good as doors, if there aint no nails to tear yer trowsers on to. Wonder if Sall'll come down?

O, come down Sall, O, come down,
O, come down Sall, O, come down!

the critter promised me. I'm afeard to move about here 'cause I might break my shins over somethin' nuther, and wake the old folks. Cold enough to freeze a Polish bear. I'll jest sing another verse of that good old song, to let know I'm here:

There was an old woman lived all alone,
She had three darters, all young women grown! Oh, here comes Sall, now."

The beatious maid descended with a pleasant smile, a tallow candle, and a card of lucifer matches. After receiving a rapturous greeting, she made up a rousing fire in the cooking stove, and the happy couple sat down to enjoy the sweet interchange of vows and hopes. But the course of true love ran no smoother in old Barbery's kitchen than it does elsewhere, and Joe, who was just making up his mind to treat himself to a kiss, was startled by the voice of the deacon, her father, shouting from his bed-chamber door:

"Sally! what are you getting up in the middle of the night for?"

"Tell him it's most morning," whispered Joe.

"Can't tell a fib!" said Sally.

"I'll make it a truth, then," said Joe; and running to the huge old fashioned clock that stood in one corner, he set it at five.

"Look at the clock and tell me what time it is," cried the old gentleman up stairs.

"It's five, by the clock," answered Sally; and corroborating her words, the old clock struck five.

The lovers sat down again and resumed their conversation. Suddenly the staircase began to creak.

"Good gracious! It's father."

"The deacon by thunder!" cried Joe.—"Hide me Sal!"

"Where *can* I hide you?" cried the distracted girl.

"O, I know," said he, "I'll squeeze into the clock case." And without another word, he concealed himself in the case, and drew the door behind him.

The deacon was dressed, and sitting himself down by the cooking stove, pulled out his pipe, lighted it, and commenced smoking deliberately and calmly.

"Five o'clock, eh?" said he. "Well I shall have time to smoke three or four pipes, and then I'll go and feed the critters."

"Hadn't you better feed the critters fust sir, and smoke afterwards?" suggested the dutiful Sally.

"No—smokin' clears my head, and wakes me up," answered the deacon, who seemed not a whit disposed to hurry his enjoyment.

'Burr-r-r-r—whiz!—ding! ding! ding!' went the clock.

"Tormented lighting!" cried the deacon, starting up, and dropping his pipe on the stove; "what'n creation's that?"

"It's only the clock striking five!" said Sally, tremulously.

'Whizz! ding! ding! ding! ding! ding!' went the clock furiously.

"Powers of marcy!" cried the deacon. "Strikein' five? it's struck a hundred already."

"Deacon Barberry!" cried the deacon's better-half, who had hastily robed herself, and now plunging down the staircase in the wildest state of alarm. "What's the matter with the clock."

"Goodness only knows," replied the old man. "It's been in the family these hundred years, and never did I know it to carry on so afore."

Whizz! bang! bang! bang! went the clock again.

"It'll bust itself!" cried the old lady, shedding a flood of tears, "and there won't be nothing left of it."

"It's bewitched," said the deacon, who retained a leaven of good old New England superstition in his nature. "Any how," he said after a pause, advancing resolutely towards the clock, "I'll see what's got into it."

"O, don't" cried his daughter, affectionately seizing one of his coat tails, while his faithful wife clung to the other. 'Don't,' cried both the women together.

"Let go my raiment," shouted the old deacon. "I ain't afraid of the powers of darkness."

But the women would not let go, so the deacon slipped out of his coat, and while, from the sudden cessation of resistance, they fell heavily to the floor, he darted forward, and laid his hand upon the door of the clock case. But no human power could open it. Joe was holding it inside with a death grasp. The old deacon began to be dreadfully frightened. He gave one more tug. An unearthly yell as if a fiend in diatress, burst from the inside, and then the clock pitched headforemost at the deacon, fell headlong on the floor, smashed its face, and wrecked its fair proportions. The current of air extinguished the lamp—the deacon, the old lady and Sally fled up stairs, and Joe Mayweed, extricating himself from the clock, effected his escape in the same way in which he had entered.

The next day all Appletown was alive with the story of how Deacon Barberry's clock had been bewitched, and though many believed his version, some, and especially Joe Mayweed, affected to discredit the whole affair, hinting that the deacon had been trying the experiment of tasting frozen cider, and that the vagaries of the clock case existed only in a distempered imagination.

However, the interdict being taken off, Joe was allowed to resume his courting, and won the consent of the old people to his union with Sally, by repairing the old clock, till it went as well as ever.

## DARING OUTRAGE IN KENTUCKY.

### A RAIL ROAD TRAIN THROWN FROM THE TRACK AND ROBBED—THRILLING SCENES AND INCIDENTS.

On several occasions trains have been thrown from the track on the line of the Louisville and Nashville Railroad, and the lives of unoffending men and helpless women and children periled with an attrocious abandon, and the property of the victims pillaged. An exchange gives the following interesting account of the last occurrence of this kind:

It was a little after two o'clock yesterday morning that the train from Louisville to Nashville, due here at 3.30 a. m., was speeding at a rapid rate through the wild lonely country about five miles from the little town of Franklin, and a trifle over fifty miles from this city. Suddenly the watchful eye of the engineer, Jim. Stewart, discovered an obstruction ahead on the track. To whistle down breaks and reverse the engine was but the work of an instant. On sped the train, however, and ere its momentum was half reduced, the engine plunged into a pile of cross-ties and rails which had been placed upon the track by the hands of demons in human shape, who waited cooly by to commence the work of pillage and plunder. There was a wild crash of breaking iron, and the locomotive leaping from the track and followed by the express car, shot down the forty foot embankment making two complete turns and finally stopping with its head pointing directly back to Louisville. The baggage car followed the express car partly down the embankment and butting back into the smoking car, which likewise plunged to one side from the rail, left the ladies' car and the sleeping car on the track. There were about one hundred passengers on board the train, among them six ladies and a number of children, all asleep or dozing in the weariness of night travel, but the first shock aroused them in an instant to disagreeable consciousness.—The firing of a volly from the party of banditti outside intimated to every one the cause of their sudden stoppage and the probable fate before them.

The robbers had selected a point where the road runs through a dreary and almost uninhabited country, with thick woods on either side, and piling upon the track a mass of rails and cross-ties they sent three or four men a short distance back with other obstructions on hand to throw across the track in case the engineer should be able to bring his train to a halt before coliding with the mass ahead, and by putting the train back, escape their clutches. These having performed their work, rendered unnecessary however, by the train running from the track, joined their companions at the wreck and the work of pillage commenced. The party consisted of ten or twelve men, roughly dressed, armed with navy revolvers and with their faces blackened after the most approved style of the burnt cork artists. Sentinels were placed at the ends of the cars and the remainder went through the coaches demanding the money and watches of the passengers. Quite a number of those who had large sums of money and valuables about them, had sufficient presence of mind to secret them in one way or another during the few minutes that passed between the firing of the volley outside and the entry of the robbers. On this account it is thought probable that not more than two thousand, or two thousand five hundred dollars was secured from the passengers. The modus operandi was as follows: The passengers in the sleeping car were aroused and marched into the next car, being searched at the entrance. After the car had been vacated, the villains commenced a systematic search for secreted money and valuables, but were stopped by the burning of the express car, which, in the meanwhile, had caught fire, and by this time was sending up lurid flames, lighting up the surrounding prospect with a ruddy glare. Fearful of loosing the chief booty for which they had dared to jeopardize scores of lives, after a hurried search of the passengers, the robbers sprang to the express car to secure the money safe, but it was too late. The fire had already wrapped the treasure box in its embrace, and the contents were speedily burnt to a crisp, with the entire lading car, which consisted in part of through packages from New York, Cincinnati and other points.

From the express car the fire was communicated to the baggage car, from which meanwhile the baggage master and mail agent had thrown the baggage and mail bags, and it, together with the smoking car were reduced to ashes. The robbers, fearing doubtless to remain longer at the train, collected such light baggage as they could carry, and in about half an hour after the train was thrown from the track, disappeared in the woods, leaving the discomfited travelers to enjoy the spectacle of a burning train and talk over among themselves the incidents of the morning.

One lady was terribly frightened, and kept repeating in an agony of despair,—"O Lord, we'll all be killed! O Lord, we'll all be killed!"

A gentlemen, evidently not accustomed to such little episodes in his traveling experiences, was equally frighted and made no effort to secrete his money. When his pocket book was demanded by a villain, who presensed the barrel of an ugly looking pistol to the breast of his victim, he shook like a man with the ague, ejaculating, in the agony of terror, "My pocket book hasn't got anything in it, but here's four hundred dollars, only don't kill me! only don't kill me!"

One individual tried to escape the general fate by pleading that he had been a Confederate [illegible] four years; he was silenced by the [illegible] of one of the gang, who with a g[illegible]de remarked, "Young man, this is no [illegible]tical affair."

One gentlem[illegible] placed hundred and forty dollars in his pocket book, and slipped a large package containing seven hundred dollars in his boot, filling it so that he could not get it more than half on. This was noticed by one of the robbers after he had accepted the one hundred and forty "as a slight token of regard," and he gruffly asked the cause. "Tight boots and short time for dressing," replied the other, as he limped out of the sleeping car with his money safe.

Another gentleman (Captain H. H. Cushing, of Louisville,) saved a splendid gold watch, by hanging it down his back inside his shirt.

An individual from Savannah put a hundred and fifty dollars in his pocket book, and secreted a package of five hundred in his overcoat pocket. Just as he was going out of the door, however, one of the gang remarked, "That's a nice overcoat, hain't it? I believe that'll just fit me." And forthwith overcoat, money and all changed hands.

Capt. S. B. Brown, of Louisville, had his carpet bag taken, containing ten thousand dollars' worth of vouchers and other valuable papers. About one hour after the departure of the robbers he followed up their trail, and some two miles from the railroad found where they had cut open the valise and taken out clothes, ect., leaving the package of vouchers, together with a few of the Cap[illegible]in's photographs, as of no value.

An honest G[illegible]rman relates his experience as follows: "Mein Gott, dinks I dears de piler past, a[illegible]den too soon already shust now a man [illegible]s a peter (repeater) to mines head, [illegible]d says 'Hands out your pocket-book!' I hands um out. I gives him my [illegible]f P[illegible]o, but he no ask me.—Ach, liebe[illegible] vosh scart!"

A revere[illegible]tleman had his money, some two [illegible] hundred dollars, taken, and also his [illegible]ce, but the latter was found a short distance in the trail of the robbers.

R. K. Dunkaisen, of New York, had his pocket book gobbled, containing about eighty dollars.

J. C. Goetze, agent of the Louisville Brewery in this city, had a fine gold watch and $100 taken.

The only man severely hurt by the throwing of the train from the track was the engineer, Mr. Stewart.—Prompt, at first notice his vigilent eye gave of danger ahead, to reverse the engine and sound the brakes, with his hand on the throttle valve, he stood at his post while the engine made the fearful leap down the bank, and performed the wonderful gymnastics which must have taken place from the position in which it was left. Mr. Stewart received a painful hurt in the leg, which will probably lay him up for several weeks.

Mr. Evans, the express agent, was considerably bruised by the falling of boxes at the time of the concussion. Strange to relate, not a passenger was hurt beyond a slight bruise or scratch.

The Louisville and Nashville Railroad Company lose by this affair as follows:

Damage to new locomotive, $10,000;—three cars burned, $5,000.

The loss to the Adams Express Company cannot yet be ascertained, but it will not probably be more than $10,000 or $12[illegible]

[illegible]T HOOD AND MITCHELL.—Prof. W[illegible]as recently ascended Mount Hood, in [illegible]gon. He has established the fact that Mt. Hood is really a volcano, and that it is the highest Mountain in the United States. It is 17,000 feet. Mount Mitchell, in North Carolina, is not quite 7,000 feet, and is the highest peak East side of the Rocky mountains—*Rel. Stand.*

From the La Crosse (Wis) Democrat.

## CHICKEN JUSTICE IN LA CROSSE

### Brick Pomeroy in a Suit.

Monday afternoon there came off before Police Judge Hubbard, in this city, another law suit the particulars of which are as follows:

Reinhard Hendricks on the 17th. of September brought suit against "Brick" Pomeroy to recover pay for two roosters shot by the defendant with a revolver, the chickens belonging to the plaintiff, in the value of fifty cents. Through the kindness of the judge, the case has been adjourning from week to week till the return of the defendant, from an electioneering tour of Indiana. This morning the case came off, ex-Mayor Hon. James J. Lyndes being the counsel for the prosecution, the defendant appearing in his own defense.

The court-room was crowded; for the idea of trying an editor for stealing or shooting chickens was a novelty. The plaintiff brought in his bill; swore to its correctness; testified that he owned the chickens; that they were raised by a hen belonging to him; that he saw the defendant shoot them; that he had repeatedly asked the defendant to settle for them; and failing to get pay or satisfaction, he was compelled to bring suit, and asked for judgment of one dollar and costs.

The defendant admitted shooting the chickens, and proved by four relative witnesses the following facts:

In April, 1866, the defendant owned a fast running trick mare "Kitty," which animal was kept in a stable hired by him, and cared for by one of his employees. Through a little hole in the barn or stable the plaintiff's hen would fly in and eat oats intended for the mare 'Kitty' and on the approach of any one, would fly out. In an old barrel, in the stable, one of the hens, a black one, made her nest—laid thirteen eggs therein, and proceeded to raise a family. When the hen got ready to set the defendant instructed the boy who took care of his mare to go down town, and purchase thirteen eggs of T. W. Robinson & Co., grocers, and put them in the nest, first removing the other eggs. The boy did so as was proved. He then persistently drove the hen out of the stable a dozen times or more; he tried to make her leave but she would not, but proceeded to incubate his eggs, duly bought and paid for, without his consent, leave or license, after repeated efforts on his part and by his agents to have her vacate his premises. And further, when the hen had hatched his eggs she ran off with his chickens, eleven in number, two eggs not producing chickens. To her services he brought an offset, the use of the stable and board bill in the shape of oats; he charged her with the two eggs she spoiled, and demanded the balance of the flock; nine in number, at fifty cents each. Besides he proved that the chickens did not belong to that hen, as she was black, while the chickens were red or speckled. Hendricks has sued all his neighbors for some little, trifling matter half a dozen times each during the past two years. After a patient hearing, the Judge decided that there was no cause of action, and that the defendant was entitled to the other nine chickens, and the plaintiff must pay the cost of the suit, amounting to $17,87½.

THREAD FROM THE STALKS OF COTTON PLANTS.—An inventor in New Orleans has been turning his attention to the value of the stalk of the cotton plant, for the purpose not only of thread, but of cloth, and has succeeded in making the former strong, fine, and every way valuable to the industrial world. The article is as soft and pliable as thread from flax and can at once be converted into a serviceable fabric, full as durable as muslin; or the ordinary cotton cloth. One hundred and twenty pounds of stalk will turn out four pounds of thread. A factory is to be established, according to our informant, for the manufacture of thread and cloth, at an early day. This discovery is not new, but the application of the discovery has never been made till now. It has long been known that the fibrous substance in the cotton stalk bore a strong resemblance to the fibre of flax, but the test of its adaptability as a textile material is now for the first time made; should there be no mistake in the experiment alluded to—the actual fabrication of the thread—the manufacture of cotton cloth from this thread is a foregone conclusion, and the value of the cotton product is increased one hundred per cent, at once. This remarkable and important experiment ought to lend extraordinary buoyancy to the spirits of the cotton growers. It will be but a few years if this discovery is what it claims, before the South can recuperate with a vigor she never experienced before, and her recuperation will place hundreds of millions in the pockets of Northern merchants, for cotton is the great staple which moves commerce.—*Journal of Applied Chemistry.*

WHY MASON'S CELEBRATE THE 24TH OF JUNE—ST. JOHN'S DAY.—Masonic lodges in ancient times were dedicated to King Solomon. Tradition informs us that they were thus dedicated from the building of the first temple at Jerusalem, to the Babylonish captivity. From that time to the coming of the Messiah they were dedicated to Zerrubbabel the builder of the second temple; and from that to the final destruction of the temple by Titus in the reign of the Emperor Vespesian, they were dedicated to St. John, the Baptist.

Owing to the many massacres and disorders which attend that memorable event, Freemasonry fell very much into decay. Many of the lodges were broken up, and but few could meet with sufficient members to constitute their legality. Under these circumstances a general meeting of the craft was held in the city of Benjamin, when it was observed that the principal reason for the decline of Masonry was the want of a Grand Master to direct its affairs.—They, therefore, deputed seven of their most eminent members to wait upon St. John, the Evangelist, who was at that time Bishop of Ephesus, to request him to take the office of Grand Master. He returned for answer that though well stricken in years, (being upward of ninety,) yet having been in the early part of his life initiated into Masonry, he would take upon himself that office. He did so, and completed by his learning what St. John the Baptist has accomplished by his zeal. After his decease the Christian Lodges were dedicated to him and St. John the Baptist, both of them being regarded as eminent Christian patrons of Masonry. Since then Masons have ever celebrated the 24th of June in commemoration of St. John the Baptist, and the 27th of December in commemoration of [illegible] the Evangelist.—*Flag of the Union.*

We copy the following from a late issue of the Washington city *Chronicle*:

THE GRAND MASS WELCOME TO CONGRESS.

Being profoundly impressed with the importance of the struggle through which the country is passing, and of the necessity of preserving the results gained by its triumphs in the field, and more recently at the polls, the undersigned, a committee appointed by the Sailor's and Soldier's Union of Washington, D C, do in their name earnestly invite their comrades, the loyal veterans of the Republic, with all other friends of the great cause of Union and liberty, to meet in a national mass welcome and council to be held in this the Federal capital, on Saturday, December (the 1st) proximo.

We ask your presence to honor and assure protection to the loyal majority in the Thirty-Ninth Congress, in whom we recognise faithful guardians of our assailed institutions and able supporters of the principles involved.

Come in your might! By your presence prove how sternly loyalty can rebuke treason. Prove thereby that the threats and insults of a treacherous Executive against the legislative branch of the Government cannot intimidate a free people. Here in the Federal capital must our great struggle culminate in wise and equitable legislation. Here, then, should we assemble to encourage and strengthen Congress,—to whose hands the Constitution wisely entrusts the power—to such just action as will make peace permanent and liberty universal.

D. S. CURTIS,
R. J. HINTON,
A. J. BENNETT,
W. S. MORSE,
L. E. DUDLEY.

Correspondence is invited, and may be addressed, R. H. Hinton, Washington, D. C.

The National Intelligencer manifests much concern at the above announcement. He says:

"We are pained and shocked to announce from many sources of reliable information, that the above evil looks to the establishment here on permanence, of an organized force, to be subject to the orders of Congress. What they may be, and what disastrous calamities impend over our beloved country, Heaven only knows. But the ferocious counsels of Butler, Wade, and Forney may be carried out by the sword smoking with bloody execution."

We are reminded by this of the threats once made by partisans in New York, to organize an army of ten thousand men to encamp upon Capitol Hill to uphold the administration of Andrew Jackson.

The Washington *Chronicle* doubts the statement of the *Intelligencer* that there is any purpose of military organization in the call of the Soldier's and Sailor's Committee for a grand mass meeting of the Loyal Leagues to welcome and encourage and sustain Congress, on its approching assemblage.

With the emancipation of slavery, the cultivation of extensive homesteads passed away. Even under the old system, the mistaken ambition for owning twice as much land as one could thoroughly cultivate was the great agricultural sin of the country. The owner of a large number of slaves might have realized more productive returns by concentrating their industry upon a smaller number of acres. But if such was the case then, how much more so is it now? The exigencies of the present times will speedily teach the lesson that the mere possession of extensive lands, stretching their slopes before the gratified eye and investing the owner with a fictitious importance, will but poorly compensate for more substantial realities. Though it may be in some respects, to be regretted, the fact is nevertheless certain that, to a very great extent, the old landed dignity, as embraced in the proprietorship of broad ancestral acres, and the ideas and habits which grew out of and attended it, are rapidly passing away, and will be compelled to give place to more utilitarian and progressive notions. We speak of such a change as to be in a measure regretted,—mainly in the abruption of those old-fashioned and generous customs which the large planters of the South knew so well how to extend and to observe; but we think it quite sure that, in the sequel, under ordinary circumstances and just and equal chances in the government, it will be instrumental of good in all the elements of material prosperity, wealth and advancement, and in the production of the greatest good to the greatest number, which is, after all, the true aim of political economy.


**Note Paper, Envelopes, &c.**

FINE, Gilt-edged, and Plain Note and Cap paper, and Envelopes, together with a lot of Primers, Pens, Pencils, &c., for sale at THIS OFFICE.

Sept. 28, 1866.

A MILCH COW FOR SALE

Apply at this Office.

### Stamped Envelopes.

POST OFFICE DEPARTMENT, October, 1866.

Letter-size envelopes stamped three cents, made of a cheaper quality of paper than those heretofore issued are furnished by the Department at $32 80 per thousand, (being $2 80 exclusive of postage) and in proportion for less quantities.

The better quality at $34 80 per thousand is not, however, superseded, but will be supplied as heretofore, and, if desired, will be ruled for the address, without additional charge This is the only kind of envelopes furnished with ruled lines.

In using ruled envelopes the superscriptions should be written before placing the letter in the envelope, otherwise the lines will be concealed.

Upon all letter and official size envelopes there will be printed across the end, without additional charge, the names, business, and post-office address of parties, and a request to return if unclaimed within a given time—the whole not to exceed four lines—when ordered in quantities of five hundred and upwards of any specific denomination.

Among the advantages secured to the public by the use of stamped envelopes are:

First: Cheapness

Second: Security to correspondence in this that the stamp cannot be removed nor lost.

Third. Where a request is endorsed for the return of the letter, it will not be sent to the Dead Letter Office in the event of its non delivery, but will be returned direct to the writer free of postage.

The postage on stamped envelopes spoiled in directing, will be refunded in stamps, as provided in section 189, Postal regulations.

By order of the Post Master General.

A. N. ZEVELY

Third Assistant Postmaster General.

### Great Destruction of Property on the Bahamas by the Late Storm.

Commander G. W. Cooper, of the United States steamer Winooski, under date of Matanzas, Cuba, Oct. 31st, reports to the navy Department his arrival at that port, after a cruise in the vicinity of the Bahamas. Commander Cooper states that at Abaco an American bark went ashore during the recent great storm and went to pieces, all hands being lost The name of the vessel could not be ascertained.—At Great Stirrup, the English ship Raven capsized and all hands were lost. Commander Cooper believes her to have sailed from St. John's, N B. The commander of the Winooski received on board, at the request of the United States Consul, the following American machinists: A. W. Bartelle, L. A. Mnendez, R N. Richardson, J. J. Mullen, and Jas. Turpie. They had been wrecked in the bark Willis Rich, of Boston, on the Bahamas, and were in a very destitute condition. The great storm, unparalled in its violence, entirely destroyed the settlement on Turk's Island, all the salt ponds and everything appertaining thereto, besides wrecking thirty-five foreign vessels. Commander Cooper says that it is the severest hurricane that has ever visited the Bahamas, and that at the different cays everything like vegetation and foliage is blighted and presents a reddish appearance.

Some idea of the violence of the hurricane may be formed when the facts are stated that ninety-two vessels were totally destroyed, ninety-seven seriously, and forty-two slightly injured, besides the destruction of hundreds of public and private dwellings.


# PEOPLE'S PRESS.

SALEM, N. C.

FRIDAY, NOVEMBER 23, 1866.


☞ We are now making out our accounts for subscriptions, job work and advertising, and, in the course of a few weeks, we will place unsettled notes and accounts in the hands of a collector.

### Legislature of North Carolina.

This body met in Raleigh, on Monday last, and a quorum being present (both Houses being nearly full) proceeded at once to organize.

Of the election of Speakers the *Standard*:

In the Senate Hon. M. E. Manly, anti-Howard amendment and old secession Whig, was elected Speaker, on the third ballot, and in the Commons, R. Y. McAden, Esq., anti-Howard amendment and old secession Whig, was elected Speaker, on the fifth ballot. Neither of these gentlemen has been regarded as belonging to the original secession party, but they are identified with the Worth-Vance-Graham faction.

Col. Mathews, the Senator from Forsyth and Stokes, voted twice for Mr. Leach for Speaker; and on the third ballot, when the election was effected, he voted for Gen. Logan.

Mr. James Page was elected Principal Doorkeeper, without opposition.

Mr. Tally was chosen Assistant Doorkeeper on first ballot.

The Senate then adjourned to Tuesday.

In the House of Commons, Mr. McAden, of Alamance, was elected Speaker on the fifth ballot. On the first ballot, Messrs. McAden, Cowan, Russ and Dargan were in nomination. On the fifth ballot McAden received 56 votes and Cowan 43.

P. A. Wilson, of Forsyth, voted for McAden, and E. B. Teague for Gen. Logan.

Seaton Gales was unanimously elected Principal Clerk, and W. M. Hardy, of Buncombe, was elected Assistant Clerk in same manner.

W. Alexander, of Lincoln, was elected Principal Doorkeeper, after several ballots, over W. S. Webster, of Chatham. John Hill, of Randolph, was elected Assistant Doorkeeper, almost unanimously.

Adjourned to Tuesday.

TUESDAY AND WEDNESDAY.—We have the proceedings of the Legislature for Tuesday and Wednesday, which we sum up briefly.

Mr. Pell, of the Raleigh Sentinel, was elected State Printer. Col Mathews voted for Mr. Pell, and Messrs. Wilson and Teague for Messrs. Nichols, Gorman and Neathery.

Messrs. Stone, Ramsay and Hampton, were elected Engrossing Clerks.

R. W. Best was elected Secretary of State. In the House, Mr. Waugh introduced a bill to grant general amnesty and pardon to all persons guilty of violating the criminal laws of North Carolina, except in certain cases.

### Governor's Message.

The Governor reviews the condition of the South at length. He believes that every thing required of the South has been done towards reconstruction, and that our Legislative Department has endeavored to alter our code to suit our novel situation, and to bring order out of chaos.

He gives his views upon the Howard Amendment at length, but offers no new argument against it, simply adopting the objections which were urged during the late political campaign. He says:

"Anxious as I was to avert the late war, and have at all times been to compose our troubles on the basis of the Union as our fathers framed it, I can perceive in this proposed amendment nothing calculated to perpetuate the Union; but its tendency seems to me better suited to perpetuate sectional alienation and estrangement, and I have, therefore, no hesitation in recommending that it be not ratified."

Speaking of the freedmen, the Governor favors emigration, and thinks that by diverting the appropriation made to sustain the Freedman's Bureau, towards defraying the traveling expenses of those who may choose to move, would be better than keeping up that institution among the Southern States.

The Governor favors the establishment of a Penitentiary for convicts of a higher grade of crime, a revision of the Poor Laws, and laws in relation to Apprenticeship.

The message is long filling nine closely printed columns of the Raleigh Sentinel.

### Brilliant Meteoric display in Europe

A special telegram to the New York *Herald*, dated at Greenwich Observatory, announces the occurrence of a grand Meteoric Shower at that point, on Tuesday night last. We give the despatch in full:

The expected meteoric showers were observed last night. At nine o'clock a few meteors fell; at eleven o'clock they had increased in number and size, and between one and two o'clock this morning the maximum was reached. The night was clear, and the stars were out in great numbers.—The whole heavens were brilliantly illuminated.

The showers of meteors were of great beauty and brilliancy, and radiated from the constellation Leo, near the star Gamma Leonis. Their direction was mostly from the east to the west. The paths of the meteors were from three to four degrees in the north. Near Ursa Major twenty or thirty were observed at one time, and crossing the zenith fifty or sixty more of unusual sizes and duration, the majority being larger than stars of the first magnitude. Several exploded from the vicinity of Jupiter; one, of immense dimensions, was colored red, blue, green, orange and amber. Nearly all had trails of fire. Of two flaming from Leo at the same time, one crossed Beta Geminorum and the other Mars. Two more, one red and the other of an oriental sapphine color, crossed Alpha Orionis.

Some of the meteors burst forth in splendor; one, breaking behind the rising clouds flashed like sheet lightning and another of emerald blue burst near Era Leonis at fifteen minutes after two o'clock a. m., its trial of flame being visible for a minute and a half, and then faded away in brilliant nebulæ.

At three a. m. they commenced to diminish gradually, until, at the present moment, they are all, meteors and stars, fading away in the morning light.

We counted five thousand in one hour, nearly twelve thousand in all, with the naked eye.

The watchers at the National Observatory, Washington, saw and marked the track of some four hundred meteors in the course of Monday night.

### Important Speculations from Washington.

WASHINGTON, Nov 16

The following was telegraphed to the New York *Times* by its special correspondent from this city:

"Chief Justice Chase called at the White House this evening, and was closeted with the President for about an hour. Before his departure, Mr. Seward, Gov. Randall, Mr. McCulloch and Mr Browning arrived, and remained in consultation with the President until 10 o'clock. It is believed that this meeting was for consultation upon a most important subject, based upon an effort, now making by the leading men of all parties, to induce the President, in consideration of a general amnesty, to advise the people of the South to accept universal suffrage, with a qualification either of property or intelligence. Prominent Southern men are cooperating with Republicans and Democrats in this effort."

LONDON, Nov. 16.

The *Herald* of to day, the government organ urges the arbitration of questions pending between England and the United States.

The American Consul publishes a letter explaining the agreement between the American government and Fraser, Trenholm, & Co—He says that the title of the United States to all Confederate property is therein fully recognized, and said property is subject to legal lien for advances.

## Local and Miscellaneous.

J. H. B. - - - - - - - - - - LOCAL EDITOR.

THE "TOILERS OF THE SEA," BY VICTOR HUGO.—We thankfully acknowledge the reception of this already famous work of fiction, by one of our favorite authors, from the hands of Mr. Eugene A. Boner, with J. C. Schreiner & Sons, Savannah, Georgia. We have not yet had the time to peruse the pages of this book, but will take advantage of the first leisure hour to install ourself by a cozy fire and cull brilliant gems like those we found in "Les Miserables," when we will give our literary friends a short critical sketch of the story. Schreiner & Sons are among the heaviest music dealers in the South, and we bespeak for their elegant establishment a liberal patronage from this section.

THE December number of that paragon of American magazines, Harper's Monthly, has reached us. It glows with beauty of thought and illustrations. "A Reminiscence of Sleepy-Hollow," showing various scenes of historic fame, is one principally interesting contribution. The prefatorial article is an illustrated poem entitled "Baland of Uncle Joe," and a pleasantly peaceful picture is that showing the good old fellow attired in his holiday costume, and

* * smoking his pipe of clay
As if all the world went right,
While his brindle dog beside him lay
A-blinking at the light.

The "Editor's Drawer" is scintillant as usual with anecdotical witticisms and droll sayings. We quote a good one:

"On one occasion a gentleman was relating a painful story of a little boy who was called from his play to go to a neighbor's for some milk. As he was returning from his errand the cars ran over him, killing him instantly. The gentleman was very pathetic, and at the close of his narrative there was a deep silence in the room, broken at last by one of the ladies of the company, who gravely asked, "And what became of the *milk*?"

NEXT week will appear the first number of a series of articles on Bees, by J. W. H. This writer will treat the subject scientifically, and his communications will doubtless be interesting and instructive to the public

YE LOCAL is afflicted—he is allin'. He has had so much business of a different nature to attend to that he couldn't navigate the streets in quest of items—and the people just won't help him out. He has a cold in his head—a sore throat—a lame foot—and—well, he's on the lift. That's what's the matter.

From the People's Press.

### Appointments,

*Winston Circuit, M P Church, first round of appointments:*

Winston—1st Sabbath in Dec. 10 o'clock
Ebert's—Saturday after 1st Sab. in Dec. 12 "
Reminger's—2nd Sabbath in Dec. 11 o'clock.
Friendship—3rd Sabbath in Dec. 11 o'clock.
Shiloh—Same day 3 o'clock
Ledford's Stand—4th Sabbath 11 o'clock.

T. H. PEGRAM, Sup't.

Nov. 20th, 1866.

### Appointments

*For Winston and Forsyth Counties:*

Winston—1st Sunday in December.
Love's—Saturday before 2d Sunday in Dec.
Kernersville—2nd Sunday in December.
Pine Grove—Tuesday after 2d Sunday,
Bethel—Wednesday after 2d Sunday.
Flat Rock—Thursday after 2d Sunday.
Clemmonsville—3d Sunday in December.
Union—Tuesday after 3d Sunday.
Sharon—Thursday after 3d Sunday.
Doub's Chapel—4th Sunday, 11 A. M.
Brookstown—4th Sunday, 3 P. M.
Vernon—Thursday after 4th Sunday.
Mt. Tabor—5th Sunday in December.

The Stewards of the Circuit will please meet me at Winston, on Saturday the 1st of Dec.

J. W. WHEELER.

*Special Suggestion from the Comptroller of the Currency:*

In order to encourage economy and the habits of saving among the poor of the country, it is suggested that National Banks act as Custodians without charge, of United States Bonds and other representatives of value, which that class of persons may desire to leave with them for safe keeping. Bank Officers that approve of this suggestion, will please give such notice of their willingness so to act as is necessary for the information of the parties, who are to be benefited.

The First National Bank of Salem approves, and is now ready to carry out the above suggestion.

W. A LEMLY, Cashier

Salem, Nov. 20th, 1866.

### New Advertisements.

National Bank notices;
Special Court notice;
New Books.

MURDERERS LYNCHED IN SOUTH CAROLINA.—*Branchville, S. C, November 12.*—The negroes who killed Mrs. Garvin and daughter, near Orangeburg, were hung on Saturday by the citizens. The freedmen were so exasperated against the perpetrators of the outrage that they wanted to burn the murderers, but were prevented by the whites.

President Johnson has subscribed one thousand dollars to the fund to enable a society to make the purchase of a government building, in South Carolina, to be used as an asylum for orphan children of freedmen.

Hon. John Kerr, has accepted an invitation to deliver an eulogy upon the life and character of the late Hon. John M. Morehead, in Wentworth, N. C., on Tuesday of next May

### The Complexion of the Next Congress.

As stated yesterday, there is no doubt that the fortieth Congress, to assemble on the first Monday in December, 1867, will be composed of a large majority of Radicals. The Philadelphia *Inquirer*, (Radical,) speaking of the result of Tuesday's elections, remarks:

The congressional delegation in the fortieth Congress, it is now settled, will be about the same in party strength as it was in the thirty-ninth. The only change that has been made is in Maryland, and in that State the Republican loss is really only one of the Congressmen, the other who is re-elected having gone over to the Johnson policy sometime ago. Delaware remains the same. New Jersey adds two to the Republican congressmen. The New York delegation is about the same as in the present Congress. In Missouri there is a Republican gain of one Congressman and in the States of Illinois, Minnesota, Michigan, Wisconsin and Nevada, according to the returns received, the returns will be in favor of the parties which were victorious in 1864.

The election on Tuesday gave about sixty-nine or seventy Republicans in the House of Representatives to twenty or twenty-one Democrats. With the members already chosen, it is established beyond all doubt that in the House the Republicans will have considerably more than two-thirds of the members.

In the Senate there will be an increase of the Republican strength The loss of Senator Cresswell in Maryland will be compensated by the election of a Republican in New Jersey—Illinois will elect a Republican Senator, Kansas will choose two, and Missouri, New York, Nevada, Pennsylvania and Wisconsin will each elect one. The next Senate will, therefore, stand forty-four Republicans to eight Democrats—more than a three-fourths majority for the former party.

### RAILROAD CONVENTION.

The railroad convention at Mount Vernon Spring, Chatham county, on Thursday last, was well attended. The counties of Rowan, Guilford, Chatham and Cumberland were represented. D. F. Caldwell, Esq, was presiding officer. The meeting was very harmonious, and full confidence was expressed in success of the meeting enterprise. This meeting, it will be remembered, was held for the purpose of promoting the extension of the Fayetteville and Western railroad, and its connection with the North Carolina road.—*Progress.*

The following resolutions were introduced and adopted:

*Resolved* That we desire to see the Fayetteville and Western railroad finished to the North Carolina railroad as soon as possible

*Resolved* That we regard Greensboro as the best point for the connection above referred to and that we believe the people of Greensboro, Guilford county will subscribe liberally to that end.

*Resolved*. That a committee of ten be appointed to solicit subscriptions for the completion of said road to Greensboro, and that a committee of three be appointed to lay before the public facts and information on the importance of this enterprise.

From the Greensboro Patriot.

### M. P. Conference.

The Forty first session of the North Carolina Annual Conference M P Church, was convened at [illegible] county, N. C. on Wednesday, Nov 7 and concluded on the Tuesday following. The attendance was unusually large. The business was transacted with spirit while the increase exhibited was far beyond that of any former year.

The following is the list of appointments:

President, J. L. Michaux.

| | | | |
|---|---|---|---|
| Albemarle | Circuit, | R H Wills, | Supt |
| Tar River, | " | C A Pickens, | " |
| Roanoke, | " | John Paris | " |
| Halifax | " | W H Wills | " |
| Granville | " | F R Ball | " |
| North Granville | " | W Mc B Robbins | " |
| Orange | " | Alson Gray | " |
| Alamance | " | J W Heath | " |
| Greensboro | " | W C Kennett | " |
| Randolph | " | F S Gleason | " |
| Ashboro | " | U F Harris | " |
| Davidson | " | H W Peebles | " |
| Guilford | " | R R Michaux | " |
| Haw River | " | A W Lineberry | " |
| Yadkin | " | R W Pegram | " |
| Winston | " | T H Pegram | " |
| Mock ville | " | G E Hunt | " |
| Iredell | " | Z C Lineberry | " |
| Monroe | " | J S Dunn | " |
| Mecklenburg | " | J L Swann | " |
| Catawba | " | James Deans | " |
| Cleaveland | " | A Hunt | " |
| McDowell | " | R R Brookshier | " |
| Buncombe | " | J P Eller | " |
| Paint Mountain | " | N J Roberts | " |
| Providence | " | To be supplied | " |
| Pigeon River | " | " | " |
| Green River | " | L M Nolen | " |
| Stanly | " | A J Laughlin | " |
| Columbia | " | J H Galbreath | " |
| Tally Ho | " | L P J Harris | " |
| Taw River | " | To be supplied | " |
| Fayetteville | " | Unsupplied | |
| Sea Board | " | " | |

J H Page, J C Deans, A M, Lowe, Dr A C Harris, left without appointments at their own request.

W F Gray, M C Heptinsall, left in the hands of the President.

W W Amick, transferred to the unstation d list at his own request. Jos Parker superannuated.

Representatives to the Convention proposed to be held in Montgomery, Alabama, May, 1867, Ministerial, A Gray, W H Wills, C F Harris, T H Pegram, J L Michaux A W Lineberry, W C Kennett, W Mc B Robbins, John Paris. Lay: Dr M C Whitaker, Dr L W Batchelor, G J Cherry, John F Harris, D M Lee, Dr W A Coble, Henry Walser, W A Coe, L V Pickens.

Next Conference to be held at Union Chapel, Granville to begin on Wednesday before the 2d Sabbath in Nov. 1867.

J H PAGE, Secretary,

### Latest from the Elections.

Latest accounts by telegraph say that the Republicans have carried New York State, by from 5,000 to 15,000 majority. The Congressional delegation from that State is unchanged.

The Republican majority in Illinois is estimated at 40,000; in Wisconsin at 18,000; in Massachusetts at 70,000. Every State that voted on the 6th gave increased Republican majorities with the exception of Maryland and Delaware, which show considerable Conservative gains. In Massachusetts the Republicans elected all ten of the Congressmen, and sent two negroes to the Legislature.

### The N. C. Conference.

To the Rev J N. Andrews we are indebted for the following appointments made by the N C Conference, that has just closed its last session, held in Fayetteville.—*Patriot.*

Raleigh District—L L Hendren, P E.
Raleigh City—H T Hudson.
City Mission—A R Raven.
Wake—J B Babbit
Wake Mission—W M Jordan.
Smithfield—T P Reaud.
Tar River—J H Wheeler.
Louisburg—J A Cunningham.
Granville—J Tillett.
Henderson—T J Wiche.
Nashville—M J Hunt.

Hillsboro' District—W H Robbitt, P E.
Hillsboro'—W O Wilson.
Chapel Hill—O J Brent
Durham—R H Webb
Haw River—H H Gibbons
Franklinsville—C H Phillips,
Guilford Mission—Z Rush.
Alamance—A Norman.
Leesburg—L Shell.
Person—P J Carraway.

Greensboro District—N F Reid, P E.
Greensboro—Wm Barringer.
Guilford—J W Lewis
High Point and Company Shops—N H D Wilson.
Trinity—B Craven.
Thomasville—D R Bruton.
Davidson—W D Meacham.
Asheboro—J E Thompson.—J B Alford supnum.
Forsyth—James W Wheeler.
Stokes—G E Wyche.
Madison—U C Dodson.
Wentworth—W C Gannon.
Yanceyville—R G Barrett.

B Craven, president of Trinity College, P Doub, professor of Biblical Literature; D R Bruton, president of Thomasville Female College.

Salisbury District—W Close, P E.
Salisbury—W H Wheeler.
Rowan—C M Anderson.
Mocksville—J R Mann.
Jonesville—L F Way.
Surry—R T N Stevenson.
Wilkes—C E Pepler.
Iredell—M C Thomas.
South Iredell—T L Triplett.
Statesville—N V Sherrell.
Elkin—To be supplied.

Roanoke Dist.—R S Moran, P E.
Roanoke—J P Simpson.
Warren—J P Moore—T B Reeks, S N.
Tarboro—J W Jenkins.
Williamson—J J Hines.
Plymouth—W F Clegg.
Washington—J S Long.
Bath—To be supplied.
Matamuskeet—W H Moore.
Hatteras—To be supplied.
Wilson—J W Tucker.
A W Mangum and C F Deems, Agents for Greensboro Female College.

Newbern Dist.—James Reid, P E.
Newbern—R A Willis.
Beaufort—J B Williams.
Straits and Cape Lookout—To be supplied.
Morehead and Newport—S James.
Trent—W A Smith.
Kinston—J F Kerans
Snow Hill—J B Martin.
Swift Creek and Neuse Mission—N A Hooker.
Goldsboro—E A Yates.
S M Frost president Wayne Female College.
Everettsville—S D Peeler.
Neuse—J B Bailey.

Wilmington District—L S Burkhead, P E
Front St.—J H Dally.
Fifth St: J C Thomas.
Topsail—A D Betts,
Duplin—B B Culbreth.
Clinton—J H Robbins
Cokesbury—T J Gattis.
Bladen—C M Pepper.
Elizabeth—W M Roby.
Whiteville—B B Bibb.
Smithville—J F Snoot, W M D Moore Supnum
Brunswick—To be supplied.
Onslow—D Culbreth, D C Johnson, Sup Num.
Mariners Church—J N Andrews.
Chicora High School—P H Scovill.

Fayetteville Dist.—S D Adams, P E.
Fayetteville—T W Guthrie.
Cumberland—H B Cole.
Deep River—F H Wood, T U Moses, Supnum.
Cape Fear—J W Avent.
Jonesboro—G Farrar.
Troy—To be supplied.
Montgomery—A D Buie.
Robinson—C W King.
Rockingham—Jos Wheeler.
Robeson—W S Chafin
M O Wood—Missionary to China.

The bill making habitual drunkenness a sufficient cause for a divorce, has passed the Vermont Legislature, 18 to 11, with an amendment requiring that the drunkenness must be of two years' duration, previous to the finding of the libel.

The Maryland senate, by the recent election, will contain 16 conservatives and 8 radicals, giving the former a majority of two-thirds—The house will, it is believed, consist of 59 conservatives and 21 radicals—conservative majority in the house 38 and on joint ballot 46. The Hon. Francis Thomas is the only radical elected to congress.

### FIRST NATIONAL BANK OF SALEM

**Buying Rates of N. C. Bank Notes.**

| | |
|---|---|
| Bank of Cape Fear, | 25 |
| " Charlotte | 18 |
| " Commerce, | 18 |
| " Clarendon, | 4 |
| " Fayetteville, | 8 |
| " Lexington, | 10 |
| " " at Graham, | 18 |
| " North Carolina, | 35 |
| " Rocksboro', | 30 |
| " Thomasville, | 25 |
| " Wadesboro', | 18 |
| " Wilmington, | 17 |
| " Washington, | 4 |
| " Yanceyville, | 6 |
| Commercial Bank of Wilmington, | 15 |
| Farmer's Bank at Greensboro, "Old" | 22 |
| " " " "New," | 11 |
| Merchants' Bank of Newbern, | 35 |
| Miners and Planters' Bank, | 25 |
| Virginia Bank Notes, average, | 25 |
| South Carolina, " " | 22 |
| Georgia, " " | 25 |
| Gold, | 1 40 |
| Silver, | 1 30 |
| Old North Carolina coupons | 85 |
| Rail Road, " | 90 |
| North Carolina 6's, 11 coupons, | 75 |
| " " New, | 58 |
| Exchange on New York | 1 |
| U. S. 7-30 loans (steam) | 105 |
| Compound Interest Notes from 107 to 115 according to date. | |

### OFFICIAL VOTE FOR GOVERNOR.

STATE OF NORTH CAROLINA,
*Secretary's Office,*
Raleigh, November 15th, 1866.

MESSRS. EDITORS:—I have the pleasure of furnishing you with the official vote in the late Governor's election in this State I will also state that the returns from every County have been strictly according to law.

Very respectfully, your ob'dt serv't,

R W. BEST,
*Sec. of State.*

| | Worth | Dockery. |
|---|---|---|
| Alamance, | 568 | 180 |
| Alleghany, | 220 | 51 |
| Alexander, | 393 | 31 |
| Ashe, | 512 | 199 |
| Anson, | 573 | 009 |
| Buncombe, | 582 | 334 |
| Burke, | 576 | 56 |
| Bladen, | 427 | 000 |
| Beaufort, | 418 | 178 |
| Bertie, | 260 | 155 |
| Brunswick, | 335 | 000 |
| Caldwell, | 308 | 41 |
| Catawba, | 449 | 173 |
| Chatham, | 884 | 2 |
| Carnell, | 342 | 20 |
| Cleaveland, | 619 | 89 |
| Cabarrus, | 349 | 28 |
| Camden, | 284 | 000 |
| Carteret, | 327 | 79 |
| Cherokee, | 299 | 147 |
| Chowan, | 124 | 60 |
| Clay, | 129 | 95 |
| Columbus, | 250 | 9 |
| Craven, | 382 | 8 |
| Cumberland, | 590 | 17 |
| Currituck, | 316 | 5 |
| Davidson, | 785 | 598 |
| Davie, | 476 | 50 |
| Duplin, | 488 | 000 |
| Edgecombe, | 340 | 17 |
| Forsyth, | 544 | 267 |
| Franklin, | 300 | 3 |
| Gates, | 119 | 4 |
| Granville, | 634 | 137 |
| Greene, | 179 | 122 |
| Guilford, | 882 | 438 |
| Gaston, | 252 | 258 |
| Hertford, | 126 | 2 |
| Halifax, | 391 | 9 |
| Harnett, | 300 | 36 |
| Haywood, | 378 | 207 |
| Henderson, | 428 | 482 |
| Hyde, | 320 | 21 |
| Iredell, | 870 | 109 |
| Jackson, | 404 | 28 |
| Johnson, | 189 | 280 |
| Jones, | 166 | 5 |
| Lenoir, | 290 | 120 |
| Lincoln, | 208 | 2 |
| Macon, | 334 | 49 |
| Madison, | 271 | 2 |
| Martin, | 130 | 49 |
| Mecklenburg, | 334 | 10 |
| Mitchel, | 116 | 153 |
| Montgomery, | 285 | 386 |
| Moore, | 433 | 364 |
| McDowell, | 440 | 108 |
| Nash, | 89 | 10 |
| New Hanover, | 498 | 2 |
| Northampton, | 453 | 2 |
| Onslow, | 190 | 5 |
| Orange, | 916 | 37 |
| Pasquotank, | 347 | 19 |
| Perquimans, | 231 | 84 |
| Pitt, | 297 | 41 |
| Polk, | 72 | 173 |
| Person, | 479 | 3 |
| Randolph, | 582 | 793 |
| Rockingham, | 616 | 2 |
| Richmond, | 215 | 113 |
| Rowan, | 592 | 2 |
| Rutherford, | 382 | 648 |
| Robeson, | 309 | 69 |
| Sampson, | 465 | 39 |
| Stokes, | 500 | 216 |
| Surry, | 474 | 153 |
| Stanly, | 407 | 130 |
| Transylvania, | 000 | 000 |
| Tyrrell, | 169 | 3 |
| Union, | 439 | 61 |
| Wake, | 718 | 341 |
| Warren, | 333 | 7 |
| Washington, | 203 | 175 |
| Watauga, | 282 | 68 |
| Wayne, | 494 | 40 |
| Wilkes, | 530 | 462 |
| Wilson, | 901 | 10 |
| Yancey, | 343 | 33 |
| Yadkin, | 486 | 459 |
| Total in 89 counties, | 34,245 | 10,749 |
| Worth's majority, | 23,496 | |

* Transylvania voted with Tennessee.

### The National Debt.

The following is the statement of the public debt of the United States on the 1st of November, 1866.

*Debt Bearing Coin Interest.*

| | |
|---|---|
| Five per cent Bonds | $198,091,950 00 |
| Six per cent. Bonds of 1867 and '68, | 16,038,741 90 |
| Six per cent Bonds of 1881, | 283,730,750 00 |
| Six per cents 5-20 Bonds, | 328,944,000 00 |
| Navy Pension Fund, | 11,750,000 00 |
| Total Debt bearing Coin Interest, | $1,333,556,841 00 |

*Debt Bearing Currency Interest.*

| | |
|---|---|
| Six per cent. Bonds | 22,882,000 00 |
| Three Years' Compound Interest Notes, | 148,512,140 00 |
| Three Years' 7.30 Notes, | 724,014,300 00 |
| Total Debt bearing Currency Interest, | $882,408,440 00 |
| Matured Debt not presented for payment, | 336,988,909 21 |

*Debt Bearing no Interest.*

| | |
|---|---|
| United States Notes, | $390,105,785 00 |
| Fractional Currency, | 27,588,010 83 |
| Gold Certificates of Deposit | 10,896,980 00 |
| Total, | $128,680 775 83 |
| Total Debt, | $2,681,636,166 34 |

*Amount in Treasury.*

| | |
|---|---|
| Coin, | $99,413,018 55 |
| Currency, | 30,913,942 07 |
| Total, | $130,326,960 62 |
| Amount of Debt, less Cash in the Treasury, | $2,551,310,005 00 |

The foregoing is a correct statement of the public debt, as appears from the books and Treasurer's returns in the Department on the 1st of November, 1866.

HUGH McCULLOCH,
Secretary of the Treasury.

The natives about Cape Colony are dwindling on horses, cats, dogs and almost everything, on account of the famine.

One of the editors of the Louisville *Courier* has been to Brazil, got naturalized, but is back home again. He says the "South, poor, ruined and desolate as she is, is worth a hundred Brazils yet."

The bark Everhard, from Bremen, with 170 German emigrants, has arrived. They intend settling in South Carolina, being mostly connected with families already residing there.

## MARRIED:

In this place, by Rt. Rev. George F. Bahnson, on Thursday evening, the 8th instant, Mr. JULIUS A. LINEBACK to Miss ANNA S. VOGLER,—all of this place.

# New Advertisements.

Treasury of the United States,
DIVISION OF NATIONAL BANKS,
WASHINGTON, Nov. 14, 1866.

IT IS HEREBY CERTIFIED, THAT THE FIRST NATIONAL BANK OF SALEM, N. C., a Banking Association organized under the Act, "To provide a National Currency, secured by a pledge of United States Bonds, and to provide for the circulation and redemption thereof," approved June 3, 1864, having complied with the requirements of section 45 of said Act, and with the regulations of this Department, made in pursuance thereof, has this day been designated as a Depository of Public Moneys, except receipts from Customs, and by virtue of such designation, will also be employed as a Financial Agent of the Government.

F. E. SPINNER,
13-1t.] Treasurer of United States.

FIRST NATIONAL BANK OF SALEM,
SALEM, N. C., Nov. 20th, 1866

THE Annual Meeting of the Stockholders of this Bank, for the election of Directors for the ensuing year, will be held at this Office on the Second Tuesday of January next, at 3 o'clock, P. M.

13-4t W. A. LEMLY, Cashier.

*Mr. X. Y. Zachary:*

Your letter has been received and your suggestions approved. I would have answered you, but you failed to indicate the point at which an answer would reach you.

## Court Notice.

All the magistrates of Forsyth County, are respectfully requested to be present at the court-house, on the first Monday in December next, it being Monday of County Court, for the purpose of transacting important business.

By the SPECIAL COURT.

Nov. 23-2t.

## AGENTS WANTED

FOR

*THE LIFE AND CAMPAIGNS OF*

GENERAL (STONEWALL) JACKSON.

By Prof. R. L. Dabney, D. D., of Va.

The Standard Biography of the Immortal Hero. The only edition authorized by his widow. The author a personal friend and Chief of Staff of the Christian Soldier. We want an agent in every county. Send for circulars and see our terms, and what the Press says of the work.

Address

NATIONAL PUBLISHING CO.
Corner of 7th and Main Street,
Richmond, Va.

## NEW BOOKS!

A FRESH SUPPLY OF

Novels, Recipe Books,
Cook Books,
Speakers, Song Books,
Book of Dialogues,

FOR SALE CHEAP AT THIS OFFICE.

THE NEW MAGAZINE.

FRESH, BRIGHT, INSTRUCTIVE AND ENTERTAINING.

## THE RIVERSIDE MAGAZINE,

FOR YOUNG PEOPLE.

MESSRS. HURD & HOUGHTON,
PUBLISHERS,
NO. 459, BROOME STREET, NEW YORK,

Take pleasure in announcing the immediate issue of the initial number of

THE RIVERSIDE MAGAZINE,

**For Young People,**

to be edited by HORACE E. SCUDDER, (Author of "Dream Children," &c., &c.) and published monthly, commencing with January, 1867 — The purpose of the Riverside Magazine will be to satisfy the tastes of the younger public with instructive and entertaining reading matter, attractively illustrated by competent artists. In the contributions regard will be had rather to the merit of the articles than to the previous reputation of the authors, and all sections of the country will be fully represented.

History, in its more popular forms will occupy a prominent place, and as appertaining to this, Narratives of Travel, Adventures in various Countries, Manners and Customs of different Nations, and such Biographical Sketches as will interest and profit the young, while the different departments of Natural History and Science will receive their due share of attention.

With each successive month, the varied work, amusements and pleasures of in-door and out-door life, will be portrayed, and the interest of the youthful reader constantly maintained.

The illustrations of the Magazine will attract the eyes of the youngest as well as please the older children. Mr. H. L. Stephens will furnish a full page humorous Cartoon for every number throughout the year, and with other artists, will continue to give new readings to familiar themes.

TERMS OF SUBSCRIPTION:

$2 50 per year, in advance; 3 copies, $6 50; 5 copies, $10; 10 copies, $20, and an extra copy gratis; 20 copies $35, and an extra copy gratis; single copies, 25 cents. The first number will be ready for inspection by the 15th of November.—Sample copies of this number sent by mail, postage, paid on receipt of 20 cents.

Agents and canvassers wanted in every part of the country. Address

HURD & HOUGHTON, Publishers,
No. 459 Broome Street, New York.

*** Newspapers inserting the above three times will receive the Magazine for the year 1867.

SWEET OPOPONAX!—New Perfume from Mexico. The only fashionable perfume and ladies' delight.

For sale at the DRUG STORE.

## Closing Out at Cost!

BEING about to close our business in this place, we offer our stock of

STAPLE AND FANCY DRY GOODS,
Dress Goods,
Cloths and Cassimeres,
Hats, Notions,
Groceries & Hardware,

AT OR BELOW COST.

We offer Calicoes at 15, 18 and 20 cts. per yd.
Figured Alpacas at 40 and 45 cts. " "
French Merines at $1 25 " "
Shaker Bonnets at 35 cents a piece.
Ladies' and Gents Paper Collars at 20 and 25 cents per box
Men's and Boys' Hats from 70 cts. to $2 00
Other goods in proportion.

CALL & SEE THE BARGAINS.

*WM. H SMITH & CO.*

Salem, Nov. 16th, 1866 12-tf.

## NOTICE!

HAVING qualified as Special Administrator of Elizabeth Boyer, deceased, I will sell at public auction, at her late residence.

**On the 15th day of December next,**

all her personal estate, viz:

FIVE SHOATS and ONE SOW; ONE COW; ONE BUREAU, ONE CLOCK,

and all the balance of the HOUSEHOLD AND KITCHEN FURNITURE, and many other articles too numerous to mention.

Bond with approved security, payable at six months, will be required of the purchaser.—Other terms will be made known at the sale.

G. F. REICH, Special Adm'r.

Nov. 12, 1866.

As agent for the Legatees, I will sell to the highest bidder, on the 15th of December next, the valuable property known as BOYER'S MILLS, consisting of 58¾ Acres of Land, with the improvements with a CORN MILL and SAW MILL and a good Framed Dwelling-house and Kitchen, situated about 7 miles West from Salem, Forsyth Co., N. C., on the waters of Silas Creek.

The water power on the premises is unsurpassed in this section of country, sufficient to propel any machinery that might be desired.

A credit of twelve months will be given on the above property, by giving bond with security.

G. F. REICH, Agent for Legatees.

## MILLINERY!

Mrs. J. E. MICKEY

Has on hand a large stock of

*Hats, Bonnets, Flowers, Plumes, Ribbons, &c.*

—ALSO—

NOTIONS AND PERFUMERY

☞ Old Hats and Bonnets remodeled in the latest style.

Salem, Nov. 10. 11-3m

## AT THE SIGN OF THE BIG Coffee-Pot,

ALWAYS ON HAND

SHOP, PARLOR AND COOKING STOVES,

OVENS, POTS, SKILLETS, IRON, EARTHEN-WARE AND QUEENS-WARE,

TIN-WARE,

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL,

SHEET-IRON AND WIRE.

A LARGE STOCK OF

HATS AND SHOES,
DRY GOODS AND NOTIONS,
Drugs and Paints; Window Glass.
Coffee, Sugar, Spices, &c., &c.

ALL KINDS OF

JOB WORK

IN TIN AND SHEET-IRON NEATLY EXECUTED.

Stove Pipe

made to order, at short notice.

BARTER.

We will take in exchange for articles in our line, Beeswax, Rags, old Pewter, old Copper, and Country Produce generally.

☞ All who are owing old accounts and notes, and those who have been promising to pay in "two or three weeks" will please call and settle, and greatly oblige us, as we have obliged them.

J. E. & S. T. MICKEY.

Salem, N. C., Nov. 9, 1866. 11-3m.

## NOTICE.

THERE will be sold to the highest bidder, on **the 27th of November next,** one WARDROBE, a lot of MEDICAL BOOKS, and SURGICAL INSTRUMENTS. A District SCHOOL LIBRARY, and a variety of other BOOKS.

Six months credit will be given, the purchaser giving bond with approved security.

SAM'L FULTIN, Administrator of SAUNDERS FULTIN, Dec'd.

Stokes Co., Nov. 2, 1866. 10-2t

MRS THOS J. BONER is now prepared to do COLORING. Ladies' and Gentlemens' garments dyed BLACK, and the color warranted fast.

## The Salem Observer.

A NEW PAPER,

TO BE PUBLISHED IN SALEM, N. C.

ON THE FOURTH DAY OF JANUARY NEXT, (1867,) the Subscriber will commence, in this place, the publication of a Large Weekly Newspaper, to be called THE SALEM OBSERVER. The "People's Press" will not be issued after the second week in December.

I shall assume editorial duty with a proper appreciation of its dignified responsibility, and with the firm resolve to be of unselfish service to My Country and My Native State. The chief objects for which I shall labor are A SPEEDY RE-UNION OF THE NORTHERN AND SOUTHERN STATES and the advancement of ALL THE INTERESTS OF NORTH CAROLINA. I shall adopt and defend such political measures as will afford us the best and safest means of re-welding the broken links that once so happily bound us together in a Glorious and Powerful Union, believing that our only hope of future prosperity must be based on a re-establishment of the principles fought for and obtained by our immortal forefathers.

Aside from these cardinal features, THE OBSERVER will be an interesting and instructive *Literary, Business* and *Local* Journal; and no paper in the State can be a better medium for advertising. It will be printed on perfectly new and elegant material, and subscribers will find it one of the cheapest papers in North Carolina.

TERMS:

For one year, - - - - - - - - $3.00
For six months, - - - - - - - - $1.50
For three months, - - - - - - - $1.00

Payable positively in advance. Address

JOHN H. BONER,
EDITOR OF THE OBSERVER,
*Salem, North Carolina.*

A FORTUNE FOR SOME ONE!

CROSBY OPERA HOUSE

Art Association.

THE GRANDEST ART PROJECT OF THE PRESENT CENTURY.

ITS SUCCESS DECIDED.

Subscriptions pouring in
From every Quarter of the
United States and the Canadas!

THE END RAPIDLY APPROACHING.

Subscribe at once, to be in time

The Drawing will positively be made,
Or the Money Refunded to each Subscriber,
as Guaranteed

*First Grand Premium,*

THE CROSBY OPERA HOUSE,

Value $600,000.

The remaining Premiums consist of over THREE HUNDRED

*Splendid Oil Paintings,*

Constituting a superb collection of Genuinely American Works of Art.

**Shares only $5 each.**

For $5 one share or certificate, with one of the following beautiful Steel Engravings:

*"The Little Wanderer," by Thomas Faed,*
*"Gathering Apples," by Jerome Thompson*
OR
*"Westward Ho!" by Beard.*

For $10 two shares, with the superb steel Eng *"Washington Irving and his Friends."*

For $15 three shares, with the fine Engraving, *"Mercy's Dream," by D. Huntington.*

For $20 four shares or certificates, with the splendid Chromo-Engraving, (an exclusive issue.)

"AN AMERICAN AUTUMN,"
*by J. F. Cropsy.*

While for $50 ten shares or certificates are issued, with a choice Artist's Proof of either "Irving and his Friends," "Mercy's Dream," or the "American Autumn."

TAKE SPECIAL NOTICE!!!
TAKE SPECIAL NOTICE!!!

That all Subscribers receive their choice of one of the Splendid Steel Engravings at the time they subscribe. Thus receiving the value of their money at once.

DETAILS OF THE DRAWING.

The Subscription Books, on being closed, will be placed in the hands of the following gentlemen, who kindly consent to act as the Chicago members of the Committee:

Wm. F Coolbaugh, Pres. Union National Bank.
Amos T. Hall, Treasurer C. B. & Q. R. R.
E. G. Hall, Hall, Kimbark & Co.
Clinton Briggs, Ewing, Briggs & Co,
J. C. Dore, President of the Board of Trade,
James H. Bowen, President 3d National Bank.
James C. Fargo, Sup't American Express.
Francis A. Hoffman, Ex-Lieut. Governor.
I. Y. Munn, Munn & Scott Elevator.
J. V. Ellis, President Second National Bank.

These gentlemen, together with such others, from different parts of the country as they may select to fairly represent the Shareholders, will have the sole management of the award in all its details.

The plan of the award adopted is the following: Two hundred and ten thousand numbers, representing the certificates issued, will be placed in one wheel, and three hundred and two tickets inner bed with the names of the Premiums (to wit, the Opera House and three hundred paintings, and the bust of Lincoln,) will be placed in another. From these wheels a number and a premium will be drawn simultaneously—the number drawn in each instance taking the premium drawn with it.

SPECIAL CARD TO THE READER.

The Crosby Opera House Association is no gift enterprise and must not be confounded with dollar Gift Concerts which have been advertised to take place at the Opera House, without the authority or consent of the proprietors.

All orders for Certificates or Shares, and all special communications, should be addressed to

U. S. CROSBY, *Actuary, A. A.*

and directed to

THE ART INSTITUTE,
No. 625 Broadway.

☞ Descriptive Catalogues, giving full particulars, sent free.

A NEW PERFUME! Called SWEET OPOPONAX FROM MEXICO, manufactured by S. T. SMITH & Co, New York, is making a sensation wherever it is known. Is very delicate, and its fragrance remains on the handkerchief for days.

*Evening Bulletin Philadelphia.*

For sale at the DRUG STORE.

## PETER A. WILSON & CO,

Merchant Tailors,

AT P. A. WILSON'S OLD STAND,

WINSTON, N. C.

TO my former customers and all in want of Clothing of every description,

**Cloths, Cassimeres,**
**Vestings, Overcoating,**

TRIMMINGS, MERINO & LINEN SHIRTS COLLARS, GLOVES, HANDKERCHIEFS, HATS, BOOTS & SHOES,

in short any goods in our line, we would say give us a call before purchasing elsewhere, examine goods and prices and judge for yourselves.

The goods were selected with care by P. A. Wilson, with years of experience in the business before the war, bought exclusively for cash, and must be sold.

Clothing made to order in latest style, with neatness and dispatch.

Country produce generally taken in exchange for goods.

Salem, N. C., Oct. 1866. 11-3m.

## Taken Up

ABOUT the 24th of September last, a deep sorrel horse, under the following circumstances:

The horse, with saddle, saddlebags and overcoat, was found in the possession of a person who is supposed to have stolen the property; the person made his escape, and the property, by due process, came into my possession.

The owner is requested to come forward, prove property, pay charges and take it away.

J. E. KERNER.

Kernersville, Forsyth Co. N. C.
Nov. 2, 1866. 10-3t

## CHOICE PICTURES,

**Highly Colored,**

SENT BY MAIL FOR FIFTEEN CENTS each.

Portraits of President Johnson, Gen's. Lee and Stonewall Jackson.

| | |
|---|---|
| American Scenery, | The Morning Prayer, |
| The Wedding Day, | Little Brother, |
| Little Charlie, | See Saw. |

FEMALE PORTRAITS.

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| Susan, | Lucretia, | Augusta, |
| Amanda, | Emeline, | Mary Elizabeth, |
| Emma, | Florence, | Fanny, |
| Mary Ann, | Adeline, | Gertrude, |
| Ada, | Sophia, | Julia, |
| Charlotte, | Louisa, | Evangeline, |
| Rosanna, | Georgiana, | Clara, |
| Ellen, | Maria, | Angeline, |
| Caroline, | Rachel, | Pauline, |
| Susanna, | Cornelia, | Blue Eyed Mary, |
| Matilda. | | |
| Little Johny, | Little Carrie, | Little Annie, |
| Little Susan, | Little Ellen, | Little Katie, |
| Little Sister, | Little Sister, | Little Friend, |
| Little Henry, | Little Willie, | Little Brother & Sister |

George and Martha Washington.

Mourning Pieces—Six Different Pieces.

MISCELLANEOUS DESIGNS.

My Lips shall Praise Thee.

| | |
|---|---|
| The Lovers, | The Lovers Walk, |
| The Little Volunteer, | Kitty's Dinner, |
| Children in the Wood, | Strawberries, |
| Look at Papa, | Look at Mamma, |
| Our Pasture, | Little William a Mary, |
| The Farmer's Son, | The Star of the Road, |
| The Playful Pets, | A Speaking Likeness, |
| The Little White Kittens, | The Little Pets. |
| Capture of Andre, 1780, | Familien Register, |

Gen. Washington on Horseback,

| | |
|---|---|
| Spring, | Falls of Niagara, |
| My Highland Girl, | The Queen of Beauty, |
| Brother and Sister, | The Queen of Love and |
| The Prize of the West, | Beauty, |
| The Declaration of Independence, | Morning Prayer, |
| Why Don't he Come, | The [illegible], |
| Fruit Pieces, | Fruit [illegible], |
| The Sleigh Ride, | The [illegible] Scriptures. |
| My First Cane, | Scenes, |
| The Best Scholar, | Genius, |
| The Lion and the Lamb, | Friends, |
| The Way to Happiness, | Wife's Family, |
| Surrender of Gen. Lee, | Father, |
| The Morning Ride, | Daughter, |
| The Morning Rose, | Welcome Home. |

SCRIPTURAL ILLUSTRATIONS.

Baptism of Christ, Christ [illegible] the Blind
The Crucifixion,
The Good Samaritan, The [illegible] into Egypt,
The Last [illegible]

Salem, N. C., Oct. 1866. T. BLUM.

CHEAP NOVELS.

LEAD PENCILS.

AN assortment of Books, Likenesses of Confederate Generals, Landscapes, for sale

OFFICE.

ALMANACS!

Farmers' & Planters' Almanac

FOR 1867,

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL,

AT THIS OFFICE.

☞ Cash orders solicited.

SWEET OPOPONAX FROM MEXICO! The most exquisite perfume for a lady, "Extract of Opponax." E. T. SMITH & CO., New York.

For sale at the DRUG STORE.

First National Bank

OF

SALEM, N. C.

DIRECTORS.

P. A. WILSON, J. W. HUNTER,
I. G. LASH, R. L. PATTERSON,
E. BELO.

I. G. LASH, PRESIDENT.
W. A. LEMLY, CASHIER.

THIS BANK IS NOW OPENED FOR the transaction of a General Banking Business.

Gold and Sterling Exchange, Uncurrent Bank Notes, Domestic Exchange, United States Stocks and Securities, bought and sold on most favorable terms.

Interest allowed on Deposits, and the most liberal facilities extended to Depositors.

Collections made on all accessible points.

Aug. 31-1866.

SWEET OPOPONAX FROM MEXICO, Natural could not produce a richer item choicer perfume. Try it and be convinced.

E. T. SMITH & CO., New York

A MILCH COW FOR SALE

Apply to this office.

## State of North Carolina,

FORSYTH COUNTY.

Court of Pleas and Quarter Sessions, September Term, 1866.

J. W. Bitting, vs. Hampton Hardgrove. } Attachment levied on Defendant's land.

It appearing to the satisfaction of the Court, that the defendant, Hampton Hardgrove, resides beyond the limits of the State: It is therefore ordered that publication be made for six successive weeks, in the People's Press, a newspaper published in the town of Salem, for the defendant to be and appear at the next term of this Court, to be held at the Court-house in Winston, on the first Monday of December next, then and there to replevy and plead to said case, otherwise judgment by default will be entered against him, and order of sale granted.

Witness, N. S. Cook, Clerk of our said Court at Office, in Winston, the first Monday of September, A. D. 1866.

N. S. COOK, c. c. c.
Oct. 25. 9-6t..pr. adv..$8

## Real Estate For Sale.

I DESIRE to sell a life estate in a commodious BRICK DWELLING, and Outhouses, with 15 Acres of Land attached, on the waters of Muddy Creek, in Forsyth County, N. C.

Any person wishing to purchase a pleasant home in a healthy and good neighborhood, can have easy terms by applying to the subscriber early.

GEORGE W. FLYNT.
Oct. 13, 1866. 9-3w

## SHEETING AT FACTORY PRICE.

I HAVE made arrangements with the Cedar Falls Manufacturing Company, by which I can furnish the well known CEDAR FALLS SHEETING here, at the same price that they are sold at the factory.

Merchants and others up the country can thus save the hauling. H. W. FRIES.
Salem, N. C, 23, 1866. 9-tf

**Unquestionably the best sustained work of its kind in the World.**

## Harper's New Monthly MAGAZINE

*Critical Notices of the Press.*

It is the foremost Magazine of the day.—The fireside never had a more delightful companion, nor the million a more enterprising friend than Harper's Magazine.—*Methodist Protestant (Baltimore)*

The most popular Monthly in the world.—*New York World.*

We must refer in terms of eulogy to the high tone and varied excellences of HARPER'S MAGAZINE—a journal with a monthly circulation of about 170,000 copies—in whose pages are to be found some of the choicest lights and general reading of the day. We speak of this work as an evidence of the culture of the American People; and the popularity it has acquired is merited. Each number contains fully 144 pages of reading matter, appropriately illustrated with good wood cuts; and it combines in itself the racy monthly and the more philosophical quarterly, blended with the best features of the daily journal. It has great power in the discrimination of a love of pure literature.—*Trubner's Guide to American Literature London.*

The volumes form of themselves a library of miscellaneous reading such as can not be found in the same compass in any other publication that has come under our notice.—*Boston Courier.*

**SUBSCRIPTIONS, 1867.**

The Publishers have perfected a system of mailing by which they can supply the MAGAZINE and WEEKLY promptly to those who prefer to receive their periodicals directly from the Office of Publication.

The postage on Harper's Magazine is 24 cents a year, which must be paid at the subscriber's post-office.

Terms.

HARPER'S MAGAZINE, one year, $4 00

An Extra Copy of either the Magazine or Weekly will be supplied gratis for every Club of five subscribers at $4 00 each, in one remittance, or Six Copies for $20 00.

Back Numbers can be supplied at any time.

A Complete Set, now comprising Thirty-three Volumes, in neat cloth binding, will be sent by express, freight at expense of purchaser, for $2 25 per volume. Single volumes, by mail, postpaid, $3 00. Cloth cases, for binding, 55 cents, by mail, postpaid.

HARPER & BROTHERS,
FRANKLIN SQUARE, NEW YORK

## F. E. KEEHLN,

HARNESS & BRIDLE MANUFACTURER,

SALEM, N. C.,

TAKES this method of informing his friends and the public in general, that he has resumed business and is now prepared to do anything that can be desired in the harness line. Persons wishing to purchase HARNESS, BRIDLES, COLLARS, LINES, &c., would do well to call and examine before purchasing elsewhere.

Repairing done with neatness and despatch, and upon reasonable terms.

Country Produce taken in exchange for work.

☞ Shop, Main Street, opposite Mr. Foltz's Gun Smith Shop, in the lower part of town.

F. E. KEEHLN.
28, 1866 5-6m.

## WANTED.

I wish to purchase several thousand good CHESTNUT RAILS, to be delivered at the forks of the Cucumber and Waughtown Road, opposite Mr. Sheppard, one mile below town.

E. A VOGLER.
Salem N. C Nov. 1 1866 10-3t.

## WANTED.

10,000 POUNDS of WHITE BRITTLE ELM BARK; Also WILD CHERRY BARK, well cured.

E. A. VOGLER.
Salem N. C, 1866. 10-tf

## Sewing Machine

FOR SALE AT THIS OFFICE.

## Note Paper, Envelopes, &c.

FINE Gilt-edged, and Plain Note and Cap paper, and Envelopes, together with a lot of Primers, Pens, Pencils, &c., for sale at

THIS OFFICE.
Sept. 29, 1866. tf

# NEW GOODS!

## LATE ARRIVALS!

A LARGE and full stock of NEW GOODS just received by

**E. A. VOGLER,**

and for sale at GREATLY REDUCED PRICES.

**200 Pieces of CALICO,**
A large assortment of DE LAINES,
MERINOS, GINGHAMS,
FLANNELS,
CLOTHS, JEANS, KERSEYS,
DOMESTICS, SHAWLS AND FANCY GOODS,
HATS AND CAPS,
BOOTS AND SHOES, CROCKERY WARE,
GROCERIES, HARDWARE,
DRUGS, MEDICINES, DYE STUFFS, IRON,
&c., &c., &c., &c., &c.

I expect to extend my business and deal in everything the country affords. I will buy and sell Iron, Grain of all kinds, Rags, Fruit, Furs, Butter, Beeswax, Honey, Tallow, Lard, Bacon, Flaxseed, Oil, Cotton Yarns and Sheetings, Lumber, Tobacco, &c., &c.

Thankful for past encouragement, I hope to merit and receive a continuance of the same.

E. A. VOGLER.

*Salem N. C., October 5, 1866.*

## 10,000 lbs. Dried Grapes

WANTED IMMEDIATELY by
Oct. 1866. E. A. VOGLER.

## Flour! Flour! Flour!

60 BARRELS FLOUR JUST RECEIVED and for sale by E. A. VOGLER.
Oct. 1866.

## Corn and Seed Wheat.

A LOT OF CORN just received and for sale Also a very superior article of early White Seed Wheat for sale by

E. A. VOGLER.
Oct. 1866.

## Cotton Yarns & Sheetings

BY THE BUNDLE, BOLT AND BALE.—A lot of Cedar Falls Sheetings by the Bale.

E. A. VOGLER.
Oct. 1866.

## Best Peruvian Guano,

FOR sale by the Bag or Ton; also Ford's Fertilizer, by the Barrel or Ton, by

Oct. 1866. E. A. VOGLER.

## Bacon! Bacon!

A LOT of BACON, just received and for sale
Oct. 1866. by E. A. VOGLER

## Cheese! Cheese!!

A SPLENDID LOT OF CHEESE just received and for sale by the box or retail.
Oct. 1866. E. A. VOGLER

## 250 Sacks Liverpool Salt

IN good, large and sound sacks just received and for sale, cheap, by
Oct. 1866. E. A. VOGLER.

## Iron! Iron! Iron!

A LOT of TYRE, BAND and ROD IRON, just received and for sale by
Oct. 1866. E. A. VOGLER.

## Hats, Hats and Caps.

AN elegant assortment of Mens' and Boys' Hats and Caps, just received and for sale by
Oct. 1866. E. A. VOGLER.

## Ready-Made Clothing!

A LOT of Ready-Made Clothing just received and for sale by
Oct. 1866. E. A. VOGLER.

## BONNETS, RIBBONS, FLOWERS, AND FANCY GOODS.

A FINE assortment of Bonnets, Hoods, Flowers, Feathers, Laces, Trimmings, Buttons, Shoes, Gloves, Balmoral and Hooped Skirts, Perfumery and Fancy Goods received at the Ladies' Furnishing Store,
Oct. 1866. E. A. VOGLER.

## Fur! Fur!! Fur!!! Fur!!!!

I WILL again be in the market for all kinds of FURS.

Rabbit, Cat, Muskrat, Fox, Opossum, Raccoon, Otter, Mink, &c., &c., &c.
Oct. 1866. E. A VOGLER.

## Gold, Silver & Bank Notes

BOUGHT and sold by
E. A. VOGLER.
Salem, N. C, Oct. 5, 1866. 6-tf

## SALE OF

MULES, HORSES, MILCH-COWS, BEEF CATTLE, JACKS & JENNETS, AND A LOT OF WHEAT.

I WILL sell for CASH, or on a short credit to punctual dealers, 4 good young MULES, well broke to work; 2 good BUGGY HORSES, and 2 good SADDLE HORSES. Four choice MILCH COWS, and a lot of good BEEF CATTLE; three fine young JACKS and two JENNETS.

Also, for cash, a few hundred bushels of [illegible] WYSE GLEN.

Red Plains, Yadkin C[illegible]
Oct. 5, 1866. 6-tf

## 300 Sacks Liverpool Salt,

OF which 200 are EXTRA FINE, and superior to any in this market, for sale on most reasonable terms by

J. L. FULKERSON.
Salem, Oct. 19, 1866 8-tf

☞ To those who would prefer taking the SALT AT HIGH POINT, I would say call and get an order on Mr. A. V. SULLIVAN, Agent of N. C. R. R., and supply yourselves with the finest quality of *Liverpool Salt* in this country, at very low prices.

J. L. FULKERSON.
Salem, Oct, 9, 1866. 8-tf

## Revenue Stamps

For Sale at the Post Office.

## The Next Legislature.

SENATE.

Perquimans and Pasquotank Rufus K Speed.
Tyrrell and Hyde Jones Spencer.
Camden and Currituck W. Perebee.
Northampton H C Edwards
Bertie David Outlaw
Washington and Martin J E Moore.
Halifax M L Wiggins.
Edgecombe and Wilson Henry T Clarke.
Pitt C Perkins
Beaufort Isaiah Respess.
Craven M E Manly.
Carteret and Jones Calvin D. Koonce.
Lenoir and Greene J. H. Coward.
New Hanover Col. Ed. D. Hall.
Duplin Isaac B Kelly.
Onslow Jasper Etheridge.
Bladen, Brunswick and Columbus Salter Lloyd.
Cumberland and Harnett Arch'b McLean.
Sampson J C Williams.
Wayne W. A Thompson.
Johnston T D Snead.
Wake Willie D. Jones.
Nash L N B Battle.
Franklyn Washington Harris.
Warren F A Thornton.
Graham Jno D Bullock.
Person Jno W Cunningham.
Orange John Berry.
Alamance and Randolph M. S. Robins.
Chatham R B Paschal.
Moore and Montgomery W B Richardson.
Richmond and Robeson M McRae.
Anson and Union D A Covington.
Guilford Peter Adams.
Caswell Dr Livingston Brown.
Rockingham W. Hand.
Mecklenburg J H Wilson.
Rowan and Davie R F. Johnston.
Davidson J. M Leach.
Stokes and Forsyth J E Mathews.
Surry, Ashe, Yadkin and Watauga A. C. Cowles.
Alexander Iredell and Wilkes J Henry Hill
Burke, McDowell and Caldwell—A. C. Avery
Lincoln, Gaston and Catawba—M L McCorkle
Rutherford and Polk and Cleaveland Col C L Harris.
Buncombe Henderson &c L S Gash.
Haywood Macon &c R M Henry.

HOUSE OF COMMONS.

Alamance R Y McAden, A H Boyd.
Ashe Alleghany Robert Gambril.
Alexander ——Carson.
Anson A J Dargan; W P Kendall.
Burke Jno Sudderth.
Buncombe Montreville Patton.
Beaufort Henry Harding, C M Gorman.
Bertie Dr P T Henry, J W Beasley.
Bladen J A Richardson.
Brunswick D C Allen.
Buncombe Montreville Patton.
Burke Jno Sudderth.
Cabbarus J M Long.
Caldwell James C Harper.
Carteret Jno M Perry.
Caswell Phillip Hodnett Wm Long.
Catawba W P Reinhardt.
Chatham Geo May, Geo Moore, Thos. W. Womble.
Cleveland Geo W Whitfield,——
Columbus Dr J M McGougan.
Craven S W Chadwick, A G Latham.
Cumberland W McL McKay T S Lutterloh
Duplin Thomas S. Kennan, Zack Smith.
Davidson C F Lowe, Dr. J H Shelton.
Davie J H Clements.
Edgecome and Wilson Messrs Baker and Woodard.
Franklyn J J Davis.
Forsyth P A Wilson and E B Teague
Granville E B Lyon, W H Jenkins, H Freeman.
Greene F. M. Rountree.
Guilford J T Morehead, Jr W R Smith and A S Houston.
Gaston D A Jenkins.
Halifax D C Clark, W A Daniel.
Harnett Benj C Williams.
Haywood Green Garrett.
Hyde, Tilman Farrow.
Henderson and Transylvania James Blythe
Iredell J A Risebro, J H Stevenson.
Johnston Perry Godwin and B. P. Hinnant.
Jones Jacob F Scott.
Jackson Thadeus D Bryson.
Lenoir R F Bright.
Lincoln Dr M L Brown.
McDowell Jam s M Neal.
Mecklenburg R. D. Whitley, J M Hutchison.
Martin, Abner S Williams.
Montgomery, Allen Jordan.
Moore, Wm M Black.
Madison, N. Keisey.
Nash, Jonathan M Stone
New Hanover R H Cowan, C W McClammy.
Northampton R B Peebles, E A Martin.
Onslow, A. J. Murrill.
Orange, W W Guess, S D Umsted.
Pasquotank J B Jones.
Perquimans Thos Wilson.
Person Wm A Bradsher.
Pitt S Galloway, W R Williams.
Randolph Joel Ashworth, E T B air.
Richmond, Peter McRae.
Rowan O G Foard, W H Crawford.
Robeson Rory McNair, J. A McArthur.
Rockingham Jos Holderby, R B Henderson.
Rutherford Gen: G W Logan, N Scoggin.
Sampson Jno. Barden, G W Autry.
Stokes Silas Westmoreland.
Surry H M Waugh.
Union Jonathan Trull.
Wake J P H Russ C J Rogers, R S Perry.
Warren Thos J Judkins, Jno R Turnbull.
Washington—Chas. Latham.
Wayne J H Everett F C Garris.
Wilkes P Horton, Tyree York.
Yadkin T Vestal.
Yancy and Mitchel Mr. Williams.


## LAND FOR SALE!

The corner lot, No. 116, in the Town of Salem, situated on Main Street and at the Corner of Belew's Creek and Church Streets, measuring in front, on Main Street, One Hundred and Eleven feet, and One Hundred and Seventy feet along Belew's Creek Street.

This lot is an excellent Business Stand, being in a very public part of the Town, and near the Incorporation Town line between Salem and Winston, and about five minutes walk from the Court House.

ALSO

A TRACT OF LAND situated on the Germanton Road near Winston, North of the Court House. There is on the premises two never failing Springs, some Meadow land, and a good portion of Woodland.

For further particulars apply to

EDMUND BLUM,
Near Winston, Forsyth Co., N. C.
Oct. 5th. 6 —2t.

SWEET OPOPONAX! Ladies in their morning calls, carry joy and gladness, when perfumed with Sweet Opoponax.


## The National Thanksgiving

WASHINGTON, Oct. 8.—The following proclamation has just been issued:

BY THE PRESIDENT OF THE UNITED STATES.

A PROCLAMATION.

Almighty God, our Heavenly Father, has been pleased to vouchsafe to us as a people another year of that national life which is an indispensable condition of peace, security and progress. That year has, moreover, been crowned with many peculiar blessings. The civil war that so recently closed among us has not been anywhere reopened. Foreign intervention has ceased to excite alarm or apprehension; intrusive pestilence has been benignly mitigated, domestic tranquility has improved; sentiments of concillation have largely prevailed and affections of loyalty and patriotism have widely revived, our fields have yielded quite abundantly; our mining industry has been richly rewarded; and we have been allowed to extend our railroad system far into the interior recesses of the country, while our commerce has resumed its customary activity in foreign seas. These great national blessings demand a national acknowledgment.

Now therefore, I, Andrew Johnson President of the United States, do hereby recommend that Thurday, the 29th day of November next, be set apart and be observed everywhere in the several States and Territories of the United States by the people thereof as a day of thanksgiving and praise to Almighty God, with due remembrance that "in His temple doth every man speak of His honor."

I recommend, also, that on the same solemn occasion they do humbly and honestly implore Him to grant to our National Councils, and to our whole people, that Divine wisdom which alone can lead any nation into the ways of all good.

In offering these national thanksgivings, praises and supplications, we have the Divine assurance that "the Lord remaineth a King forever: Them that are meek shall He guide in judgment, and such as are gentle shall He learn His way. The Lord shall give strength to His people; and the Lord shall give to His people the blessing of peace."

L. S. In witness whereof I have hereunto set my hand and caused the seal of the United States to be affixed.

Done at the city of Washington, this the 8th day of October, in the year of Our Lord, 1866, and of the Independence of the United States the ninety first.

ANDREW JOHNSON.

By the President:
WM. H. SEWARD, Sec'y of State.


**A Complete Pictorial History of the Times.**

**The Best, Cheapest, and most Successful Family Paper in the Union.**

## HARPER'S WEEKLY.

*SPLENDIDLY ILLUSTRATED.*

*Critical Notices of the press.*

"The best family paper published in the United States.—New London Advertiser.

The model newspaper of our country—complete in all the departments of an American family paper—Harper's Weekly has earned for itself a right to its title as a Journal of Civilization.—New York Evening Post.

This paper furnishes the best illustrations. Our future historians will enrich them elves Out of Harper's Weekly long after writers and painters and publishers are turned to dust.—N. Y. Evangelist.

A necessity in every household.—Boston Transcript.

It is at once a leading political and historical annalist of the nation.—Philadelphia Press.

The best of its class in America.—Boston Traveler.

*SUBSCRIPTIONS.*

1867.

The publishers have perfected a system of mailing by which they can supply the Magazine and Weekly promptly to those who prefer to receive their periodicals directly from the office of publication. Postmasters and others desirous of getting up clubs will supplied with a show bill on application.

The postage on Harper's Weekly is 20 cents a year which must be paid at the subscribers post office.

TERMS.

Harper's Weekly, one year, $4 00

An extra copy of either the Weekly or Magazine will be supplied gratis for every club of five subscribers at $4 each in one remittance; or six copies for $20. Back numbers can be supplied at any time.

The annual volumes of Harper's Weekly, in neat cloth binding, will be sent by express, free of cost, for $7 each. A complete set, comprising nine volumes, sent on receipt of cash at the rate of $5 25 per vol., freight at expense of purchaser. Volume X ready January 1st, 1867. Address

HARPER & BROTHERS,
Franklin Square, N. Y.

## FALL AND WINTER IMPORTATIONS.

1866.

RIBBONS, MILLINERY AND STRAW GOODS.

## ARMSTRONG, CATOR & CO.

IMPORTERS AND JOBBERS OF

***Ribbons, Bonnet Silks & Satins.***

**Velvets, Ruches, Flowers, Feathers,**

STRAW BONNETS, LADIES' HATS,

TRIMMED & UNTRIMMED SHAKER HOODS,

No. 237 and Lofts of 239 Baltimore Street,

BALTIMORE, MD.

offer a stock unsurpassed in the United States in variety and cheapness.

Orders solicited and prompt attention given.

Terms—CASH.

E. J. HALE. P. M. HALE.

## EDWARD J. HALE & SON,

Late Editors of the Fayetteville (N. C.) Observer.

PUBLISHERS, BOOK SELLERS and STATIONERS,

**496 Broadway, New York,**

NEARLY OPPOSITE ST. NICHOLAS HOTEL,

Will be glad to supply Booksellers and Merchants with all articles in their line at as favorable cash prices as can be had in the city.

As the *only Southern* dealers in the city, they solicit personal calls or orders of their friends and the public.

Sept. 14, 1866. 4t-pd


## A PLAN TO RESTORE THE MAIL SERVICE OF THE SOUTH.

TO THE PEOPLE OF VIRGINIA, *North Carolina, South Carolina, Georgia, Alabama, Mississippi, Louisiana, Tennessee, Arkansas, Missouri, Florida and Texas:*

Having recently returned from the South, I am well aware of the great inconvenience to which the Southern people are subjected on account of mail facilities. This is, to a great extent owing to the oath with which contractors are required to comply, there being but few men in the South who can take it. Having conferred with the proper authorities, and obtained their approval, I find that this difficulty can be obviated and the mails established upon every route at the South, and at the highest rates admissible for the people of either North or South. Being a National Union man, (late of North Carolina,) by which I mean one that is alike opposed to the heresies of the extremists North and South, I can take this oath and thus form the connecting link between the Southern people and the United States Government. This I propose to do and to establish mails on every route at the South now destitute of them, as follows:

Any person who is desirous of becoming a contractor will address me at once, stating the route or routes for which he wishes to become contractor, (stating the extreme points to be connected, which of course, should be on some route heretofore established.) I will then contract for such route or routes in my own name, and let the parties have them at a discount of 2½ per cent., on the annual amount for carrying the mails on said route or routes: This arrangement will secure the route to the subcontractor substantially the same as if it were his own contract, and frequently at a better price than could be contained in the usual way where there is so much competition.

My per centage or mileage as above, will not be required until the end of the first quarter.

The first applicant for a route or routes, judging by the postmark on the letter of application, will have the preference, other things being equal.

Persons when making application should send a guaranty signed by at least two guarantors.* The guaranty should be certified to by a postmaster or a judge of a court of record †—Applicants can, if they desire, obtain blank forms, printed by the Government, by addressing either the undersigned or the 2nd Assistant Postmaster General, Geo. W. McClellan, who will take pleasure in giving all the information that may be desired.

As I am recognised as principal in this matter, payment must necessarily come through me. I can, however, give the parties drafts on the Sixth Auditor of the United States Treasury for all the quarters for which the contract may have been awarded, and those can be presented one at a time as they fall due, and the money drawn substantially the same as if the parties were *bona fide* contractors. In this case the expenses [two and a half cents] should be paid by or before the expiration of the first quarter after the commencement of service; otherwise payment for this quarter will be drawn by the undersigned, expenses deducted, and the residue, with drafts for the remaining quarters, forwarded to the parties carrying the mails. If persons prefer, I will draw and forward their money at the end of every quarter, without extra charge. I would, however, prefer that they accept the drafts, in order that they may have the matter in their hands.

It would be a source of much gratification to me if I be the means of extending mail facilities to the Southern people. Their attention is therefore respectfully called to this matter. As I am not required to cut down, through competition, it would doubtless be to their interest to make speedy application, before any modification is made in the test oath in order that they may obtain these routes at the highest rates admissible.

Persons confiding to my care may rely upon fair dealing. All accepted bids will be entered upon the books of the Post Office Department, where they will be open for inspection.

All letters relating to the foregoing should contain a stamp for answer, and be addressed,

BRYAN TYSON,
Box 1000, Washington, D. C.

REFERENCES, (by permission:)—G. W. Sanson, D. D., President Columbia College; Hon. C. Mason, President National Democratic Executive Committee.

*FORM OF GUARANTY.

The undersigned, of ——, agree at ——, State of ——, under the bid for carrying the mail on the route No. ——, [if the No. be not given it is not essential,] be accepted by the Postmaster General, the bidder shall enter into the required obligation, or contract, to perform the contract with good and sufficient sureties.

Dated: ——

†FORM FOR CERTIFICATE.

The undersigned, postmaster at ——, State of ——, certifies under his oath of office that he is acquainted with the above guarantors and knows them to be men of property and able to make good their guaranty.

Dated: ——.

☞ If it is not convenient for an acting postmaster to fill out the certificate, an old one will answer.

☞ Editors throughout the South will give the foregoing two insertions and forward bill with a copy of paper to the undersigned. Those giving two or more additional insertions will be entitled to a copy of my book, "A Ray of Light," the price of which by mail is $2.

The attention of the press, and particularly of those papers which are publishing Mr. Tyson's "Plan to Restore the Mail Service of the South," is called to the following card lately received from him:

*To Persons Desiring Mail Routes.*

Persons who have deterred from making application for mail routes, thinking from what is set forth in my advertisement that the terms will be too low, should hesitate no longer but make immediate application and see if I cant not do considerably better for them than is set forth. *I have done this for others and can also for others;* therefore make application at once.

Editors who have inserted my advertisement will please make the following change: I desire the clause which will be as follows: "cents" * * * "a tri weekly mail" [illegible].

Editors throughout the South will confer a favor by publishing foregoing.

All applications relative to having post routes changed, post offices established or post masters appointed, will receive prompt attention by being addressed to

BRYAN TYSON,
Box 1000, Washington, D. C.


**An Old Song, set to a New Tune.**

☞ 1866. ☜

*"As Spring approaches*
*Ants and Roaches*
*From their holes come out,*
*And Mice and Rats,*
*In spite of Cats*
*Gaily skip about."*

"18 years established in N. Y. City."
"Only infallible remedies known."
"Free from Poisons."
"Not dangerous to the Human Family."
"Rats come out of their holes to die."

**"Costar's" Rat, Roach, &c., Exterminat'rs**
Is a paste—used for *Rats, Mice, Roaches, Black and Red Ants, &c., &c., &c.*

**"Costar's" Bed-Bug Exterminator,**
Is a liquid or wash—used to destroy, and also as a preventive for *Bed Bugs, &c.*

**"Costar's" Electric Powder for Insects**
is for *Moths Mosquitoes Fleas, Bed Bugs, insects on Plants Fowls, Animals, &c.*

☞ !!! BEWARE !!! of all worthless imitations. ☜
☞ See that "COSTAR'S" name is on each Box, Bottle and Flask, before you buy.

☞ Address HENRY R. COSTAR, 482 Broadway, N. Y.

☞ Sold by all Druggists and Retailers.

1866.

INCREASE OF RATS.—The *Farmer's Gazette* (English) asserts and proves by figures that one pair of RATS will have a progeny and descendants no less than 651,050 in three years. Now, unless this immense family can be kept down, they would consume more food than would sustain 65,000 human beings.

☞ See "COSTAR'S" advertisement above.

1866.

RATS *versus* BIRDS.—Whoever engages in shooting small birds is a cruel man; whoever aids in exterminating *rats* is a benefactor. We should like some one to give us the benefit of their experience in driving out these pests. We need something besides dogs, cats, and traps for this business.—*Scientific American, N. Y.*

☞ See "COSTAR'S" advertisement above.

1866.

"COSTAR'S" RAT EXTERMINATOR is simple, safe, and sure—the most perfect RAT-ification meeting we have ever attended. Every Rat that can get it, properly prepared, will eat it, and every one that eats it will die, generally at some place as distant as possible from where it was taken.—*Lake Shore (Mich.) Mirror.*

☞ See "COSTAR'S" advertisement above.

1866.

FARMERS AND HOUSEKEEPERS should recollect that hundreds of dollars worth of Grain, Provisions, &c., are annually destroyed by Rats, Mice, Ants and other insects and vermin—all of which can be prevented by a few dollars worth of "COSTAR'S" Rat, Roach, Ant, &c., Exterminator, bought and used freely.

☞ See "COSTAR'S" advertisement above.
☞ Sold by H. D. LOTT, Salem N. C.
☞ Sold by all Druggists and Dealers.

## Salem Male Academy.

THE exercises of this old established school will be re-commenced on Monday, August 6th. The services of a classically educated and experienced teacher, C. L. RIGHTS, Esq., having been secured, the hope of giving satisfaction to parents and guardians, is confidently entertained.

Only boys under 14 years of age are admitted Board can be procured in respectable families for about $15 per month.

For further particulars apply to ——
Rt. Rev. G. F. BAHNSON.
Salem, July 27, 1866. 48-tf

## *Fresh Arrivals.*

JUST RECEIVED AT THE
SALEM DRUG STORE,
a Fresh Supply of Drugs and Medicines.
**Warranted Fresh and Genuine.**

SWEET OPOPONAX! Is the sweetest extract made. Supersedes all others. Try it once, will use no other.

## For Sale

A SAUSAGE MACHINE WITH FRAME. Apply at THIS OFFICE.

## LOST.

ON THE 2D INSTANT, BETWEEN THE Poor-house and Weavell's Mill, a Black Oilcloth Carpet Sack, considerably worn, containing mostly childrens' clothes, two pair of mens' pants, a vest, and some womens' clothing. The finder of the above will be suitably rewarded by leaving the same at E. A. Vogler's store. G. W. JOHNSON.

Oct. 1866.—12-2t.

## WANTED:

$100,000 SOUTHERN BANK BILLS of all denominations. Also $10,000 in Specie. Apply at the SENTINEL OFFICE.

For Cape Fear Bills 25 cents on the dollar will be paid.

For bills of all other Banks the highest prices that can be afforded, will be paid.

**SPECIAL NOTICE.**

Persons, who desire to sell Specie or Bank Bills, can do so at this time to better advantage probably than they may ever be able to do again.

Specie is now higher than it is likely it will be soon again, and the Bank Bills it is not thought will get any better, while many of them are continually getting worse. A word to the wise is sufficient CALL AT THE SENTINEL OFFICE.

☞ Persons indebted to the Cape Fear Bank of Salem may do well to call at the Sentinel office.

EDWARD J. HALE, Jr.,
OF FAYETTEVILLE, N. C.,
WITH
ROMME, DUNKLE, JOHNSTON & CO,
**370 Broadway, New York,**
WHOLESALE DEALERS IN
***Hats, Caps, Straw Goods, Furs, Parasols,***

SWEET OPOPONAX! The only elegant perfume. Is found on all toilets, and never stains the handkerchief.

## New Job Type

AT THE

## Salem Printing Office!

AT THIS OLD WELL KNOWN ESTABLISHMENT, WE ARE PREPARED TO EXECUTE ALL KINDS OF

**PLAIN**

AND

**FANCY PRINTING,**

in the best of style, at the shortest notice, and upon as reasonable terms as can be afforded.

We have just received a lot of

**"FINE PAPER,"**

WHITE AND COLORED,

SUITABLE FOR

PAMPHLETS,
CIRCULARS,
SHOW BILLS,
LAW BLANKS,
CHECKS,
NOTES,
CARDS,
LABELS, &c.,

Which will enable us to give satisfaction to all who favor us with a call.

We are receiving some excellent white and colored papers, suitable for Cotton Labels, Handbills, &c., also an additional supply of Cards, which in addition to our former assortment, will enable us to execute work in a superior style, upon short notice.

☞ CALL AT THE PRESS OFFICE ☜

## Salem Drug Store.

HAVING removed my Drug Store to the POST OFFICE BUILDING, I would again respectfully call the attention of the public to my stock of pure and unadulterated

DRUGS, MEDICINES AND DYE-STUFFS.

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| Soda, | Epsom Salts, | Castor Oil, |
| Ess. Pepperm't, | Ess. Lemon, | Ess Cinamon. |
| Copperas, | Ex't Logwood, | Indigo, |
| Madder, | Venetian Red, | Spanish Brown |
| Essence of Coffee, | &c. | &c. |

ALSO

Shoe Blacking and Brushes, Paint Brushes, Hair Brushes, Combs, pocket, dressing tuck, &c. Lead Pencils, Slate Pencils, Pens & Pen Holders, Toilet Soaps, Lilly White and Perfumery of various kinds, which will be sold at such prices as the times will justify. Any article not on hand can be procured at short notice.

A. T. ZEVELY.
Feb. 3, 1866. 25-tf

## Executor's Notice.

ALL PERSONS INDEBTED TO THE ESTATE of F. Fries, are hereby notified to make payment immediately, or if that cannot be done to give satisfactory notes, when some further indulgence will be given.

All persons having claims against the estate will present them duly authenticated within the time prescribed by law, or this notice will be plead in bar of their recovery.

H. W. FRIES, *Executor*
CARRIE FRIES SHAFFNER, *Executrix*
Salem, N. C., April 10th, 1866. 35 tf.

## Administrator's Notice.

THE SUBSCRIBER HAVING BEEN APpointed, at March Term, 1866 of the Court of Pleas and Quarter Sessions for Forsyth county, Administrator with the will annexed, upon the estate of Wm. Fries, hereby gives notice to all persons indebted to the estate, to make payment immediately. And all those having claims against the estate to present them, properly authenticated, within the time prescribed by law, or this notice will be plead in bar of their recovery.

H. W. FRIES, *Adm'r.*
Salem, N. C., April 10th, 1866. 35 tf.

## Jeweler Shop Re-opened.

I HAVE RE-OPENED MY SHOP, WHERE Clocks, Watches and Jewelry will again be repaired with fidelity and despatch, by a competent workman.

E. A. VOGLER.
Salem. N. C., March 10th, 1866.

SWEET OPOPONAX FROM MEXICO! New, very rare, rich and fashionable perfume.—The finest ever imported or manufactured in the United States. Try it and be convinced.

## The Southern Hepatic Pills

MADE and sold by G. W. DEEMS, the discoverer, who has removed to Baltimore, Md., where he can have access to the purest and best medicines on the most favorable terms. He will always keep on hand a large supply, and will sell to his customers, wholesale and retail, at the shortest notice.

Where these Pills are known, especially in the Southern States, where they have been circulated so extensively, they need no recommendation—their merits are well known by their results.

We thank our customers for the liberal patronage given us heretofore, and hope they will continue to favor us by sending their orders to G. W. Deems, No. 28 South Calhoun Street, Baltimore, Md., where they will be promptly attended to. Price 25 cts. per box. $2.50 per dozen. He will also keep on hand a supply of

*DEEMS' SOVEREIGN REMEDY*

for the cure of Fever and Ague and all other chills and fevers.

This Remedy comes in contact with the poison that causes the disease, and utterly destroys it in one day, if used strictly according to the directions accompanying each box. Of the number of cases that have used them, not one has failed to produce an immediate cure, as far as we have heard. This is certainly one of the most remarkable remedies ever brought before the public. A full description of it will accompany each box. This is the very thing for the southern climate.

The very high prices of the medicines of which they are composed compels us to fix the prices at one dollar for a package that will cure the worst case in one day. We can send them to any point in the United States.

He will also keep on hand a supply of

*DEEMS RHEUMATIC AND NERVE LINIMENT,*

a certain cure for rheumatism, sprains, bruises, cramps, pain and weakness in the back and joints, toothache, numbness, frozen limbs, burns, inflammation, tumors, eruptions of skin, wounds, swellings, sore eyes, hoarseness, sore throat, bronchitis, nervous headache, &c.

It is a most effectual remedy for the most of the diseases of HORSES—spavin, bruises, strains, swellings, wounds, scratches, sore back, sore eyes. Price 25 cts. per bottle. $2.50 per dozen.

At the above rates they can be sent by mail or express to any point in the United States. The cash must accompany the order. Dealers can have any of these Medicines at 50 per cent discount by the gross.

☞ Sold by the Druggists every where, and by Mr. C. A. WINKLER, Salem, N. C.
Sept. 7, 1866—1y

## NEW SOUTHERN MUSIC BOOK.

Just Published:

## TABOR,

OR THE

Richmond Collection of Sacred Music.

By R. M. McINTOSH, of Virginia.

Essentially Southern in its main features, TABOR nevertheless contains a choice selection of the best Northern copyright Music. Its author, for four years an officer in the Confederate army, composed many stirring pieces in moments snatched during its marchings and counter-marchings in Virginia. The dirge used at the funeral of General T. J. Jackson, (Stonewall,) May 17th, 1863, was from his pen, and is included in this collection.

"Mr. McIntosh," says the Richmond *Whig*, "is well known throughout the South as an author and teacher of finished excellence, with a musical reputation rarely attained by any man of his age in this country. In the South he stands at the very head of church music, no one disputing the position with him."

The book embraces everything of value of Southern or South-Western origin, much of which is now for the first time reduced to a written form. Its variety is great—embracing all metres in use, in every key, and every variety of measure—with a full elementary department and a fine collection of new anthems, set pieces and sentences. It contains nearly 300 closely printed pages, neatly and tastefully gotten up, well printed and bound.

**Price $1 25. $12 00 per dozen.**

Can be obtained through all booksellers, or will be mailed by the Publishers to any part of the United States, postage free, on receipt of retail price.

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